Overview and Scrutiny Management Board



18 September 2015

Quarter One 2015/16 Performance Management Report

# Report of Corporate Management Team Lorraine O'Donnell, Assistant Chief Executive Councillor Simon Henig, Leader

#### **Purpose of the Report**

 To present progress against the council's corporate basket of performance indicators (PIs), Council Plan and service plan actions and report other performance issues for the first quarter of the 2015/16 financial year, covering the period April to June 2015.

#### Background

- 2. The report sets out an overview of performance and progress by Altogether priority theme. Key performance indicator progress is reported against two indicator types which comprise of:
  - a. Key target indicators targets are set for indicators where improvements can be measured regularly and where improvement can be actively influenced by the council and its partners (see Appendix 3, table 1); and
  - b. Key tracker indicators performance will be tracked but no targets are set for indicators which are long-term and/or which the council and its partners only partially influence (see Appendix 3, table 2).
- 3. The report continues to incorporate a stronger focus on volume measures in our performance framework. This allows us to better quantify productivity and to monitor the effects of reductions in resources and changes in volume of activity. Charts detailing some of the key volume measures which form part of the council's corporate set of performance indicators are presented in Appendix 4.
- 4. The corporate performance indicator guide has been updated to provide full details of indicator definitions and data sources for the 2015/16 corporate indicator set. This is available to view either internally from the intranet (at Councillors useful links) or can be requested from the Corporate Planning and Performance Team at performance@durham.gov.uk.

#### **Executive Summary**

#### Overview

- 5. During the first quarter period 67% of our target indicators have shown either an improvement or have maintained current performance and 75% are approaching, meeting or exceeding target. For tracker indicators, 71% improved or maintained performance. 90% of Council Plan actions have been achieved or are on target to be achieved by the deadline.
- 6. Contrary to national and regional trends, the County Durham employment rate has fallen slightly this quarter and now stands at 68.5%, although the number of people in the county who are in employment has increased. Increases in the working age population and people over 65 working have resulted in the rate falling. The number of Job Seekers Allowance (JSA) claimants, as well as youth and long term JSA claimants continue to decrease, although the proportion claiming for more than 12 months remains higher than national levels. In future the rollout of Universal Credit will make it more difficult to track changes to JSA claimants. There has been an increase in the number of apprenticeships started through council schemes.
- 7. Housing development generally shows an improved picture when compared to last quarter. There has been an increase in the number of new homes, together with higher numbers completed in or near major settlements and in Durham City. The number of empty properties brought back into use through local authority intervention has also increased, although there has been a decrease in private sector properties improved through council intervention.
- 8. Homeless indicators show an improvement in statutory homelessness acceptances but lower numbers of preventions. Fewer numbers of applicants registered with Durham Key Options have been rehoused.
- 9. Overall planning applications determined within deadline have improved and are in line with target, although major planning applications determined within deadline continues to decrease but this is as expected due to the uncertainty of the County Durham Plan.
- 10. The Stronger Families Programme which aims to assist individuals in a family to achieve reductions in crime/anti-social behaviour, improve school attendance or move back into employment, has been effective as 100% of the 1,320 families in the programme had a successful intervention by May 2015, securing a total reward grant of £1,435,200.
- 11. Performance against key safeguarding targets has generally improved with further reductions in children in need referrals occurring within 12 months of the previous referral and the rate of children with a child protection plan. The rate of looked after children has increased from last quarter and last year.
- 12. Performance in adult social care in areas such as user satisfaction, delayed transfers of care and reablement remains high. Numbers of people aged 65 and over supported by Durham County Council and admitted on a permanent basis to residential and nursing care, are continuing to increase although the actual number of residential/nursing beds purchased has fallen.

- 13. The number of four-week smoking quitters and the proportion of eligible people receiving an NHS health check continue to decline and remain below target.
- 14. Crime and anti-social behaviour (ASB) levels, including victim-based crimes and all categories of theft offences, are decreasing following a slight increase last year.
- 15. Public perceptions that the local council and police deal with concerns of ASB and crime continue to increase. Successful completions for alcohol treatment have increased and are achieving target and drug treatment for opiates have also improved although successful completions remain below target.
- 16. Key environmental indicators have improved with better levels of street and environmental cleanliness. Municipal waste diverted from landfill and household waste re-used, recycled or composted exceeded target. The number of fly-tipping incidents has again reduced for the third consecutive quarter.
- 17. Performance continues to improve in a number of corporate areas. The housing benefit and council tax claims processing times remain within target. Collection rates for both council tax and business rates have improved and are on target. Customer service indicators show an increase in telephone calls received and improved telephone handling within three minutes compared to the same period last year.
- 18. The employee appraisal rate has improved but remains outside target. Sickness indicators show levels have deteriorated and remain worse than target. The number of Freedom of Information and Environmental Information Regulations requests processed within statutory timescales has deteriorated and remain below the national target.

## **Volume of Activity**

- 19. Demand for a number of key frontline services has increased. The number of looked after children cases started to steadily rise throughout 2014/15 and this quarter has seen a further increase in cases, now bringing levels similar to those reported in 2012/13. Although this quarter has seen a reduction in the number of children in need referrals after a steady rise reported during 2014/15, numbers still remain high. The rate of those aged 65 and over admitted on a permanent basis to residential or nursing care continues to increase, although residential/nursing beds purchased has fallen. The number of people successfully rehoused has fallen, as well as the number of freedom of information requests received, although the long term trend continues to increase and demand remains high. The number of telephone calls has increased compared to last quarter and 12 months earlier.
- 20. Reductions in demand have been observed in child protection cases, new claims for Housing Benefit and Council Tax Reduction and planning applications. The number of fly-tipping incidents continues to reduce after a long period of increasing incidents. The number of customers seen at our customer access points continues to reduce.
- 21. Workload volume has affected performance in responding to Freedom of Information Act or Environmental Information Regulations requests. The long term trend of requests received continues to increase while performance

deteriorates (Appendix 4, Chart 12). This is partly due to the increased complexity of requests. Although workload volumes have increased in telephone calls received from 986,641 reported at quarter one 2014/15 to 1,000,168 reported this quarter, performance has improved with more calls answered in three minutes, from 88% at quarter one 2014/15 to 92% this quarter (Appendix 4, Chart 10).

#### Welfare Reform and Demand

- 22. A working group established to oversee the implementation of Universal Credit continues to regularly meet. The initial implementation involves single claimants making their first claim so numbers initially will be very low. The working group includes representation from Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) and housing providers. Two Universal Credit workshops, delivered by the DWP, took place in June for social housing providers and private landlords. A communications plan has been prepared to ensure all partners and organisations that need to understand the changes will be made aware, know what the change involves and know where to get additional information and help. Training will also be provided to frontline staff across the council.
- 23. The council took over the Welfare Assistance Scheme from April 2015. Staff have received training to take on this extra work and, whilst this has been embedded in the first quarter, it has created a backlog in Discretionary Housing Payment claims and a reduction in the number of payments made to customers. This is being addressed and work is expected to be up to date by the end of August.
- 24. Foodbanks continue to be a vital lifeline for many people. The County Durham foodbank alone fed 14,338 people (9,645 adults and 4,693 children) between April 2014 and March 2015. This was slightly more than last year (14,118). The Durham County foodbank opened 10 new distribution points and were granted £400,000 from the Big Lottery Fund to aid expansion. A project commenced called From Crisis to Confidence aiming to offer debt advice gradually across distribution points. The last few months have also seen a Fuel Bank pilot taking place at some distribution points offering fuel vouchers to help with gas and electricity costs to eligible foodbank clients who have a prepayment meter. To date 360 vouchers have been issued.
- 25. Turning to the performance indicators we use to monitor performance and track the effects of welfare reform, this quarter saw a rise in unemployment and although the number claiming Job Seekers Allowance (JSA) has fallen, those claiming for more than 12 months remain higher than national levels. This quarter saw fewer new claims for both housing benefit and council tax reduction. Child poverty shows 20,060 children were living in families claiming out-of-work benefits in County Durham, which is equivalent to 22.7% of all 0-15 year-olds in the county and is 6.1 percentage points higher than the equivalent figure for England (16.6%). This gap is larger than at any point in the last eight years.
- 26. There is a clear downward trend in current rent arrears. During 2014/15 the County Durham Housing Group (CDHG) reduced their rent arrears by 16.6% compared to 2012/13 and 5.4% compared to 2013/14. On average, 23% of CDHG's current rent arrears are arrears from tenants who are under-occupying. The continued downward trend is due to proactive partnership work that has assisted tenants to gain employment, reduce their debt, and maximise their

income and the financial assistance provided through the Discretionary Housing Payment Policy.

- 27. Funding has been made available to the council to work with those tenants who are affected by welfare reform to help them find employment or appropriate training to improve their financial situation. During 2014/15, 41 gained work, 48 increased their working hours and two started a job programme.
- 28. The amount that individuals have available for spending or saving (gross disposable income per head) increased from £14,151 in 2012 to £14,659 in 2013 but levels remain below the North East rate (£14,927) and significantly below the England rate (£17,842).
- 29. Homeless levels show fewer statutory homelessness acceptances this quarter when compared to the previous quarter and same period last year. 41% (558 people) of new applications with Durham Key Options met the criteria to be categorised as a reasonable preference group which includes people who have hardship, medical/welfare issues, overcrowding or who are statutory or non-statutory homeless. The number of families rehoused through the Durham Key Options system has reduced slightly this quarter although the long term trend continues to increase.

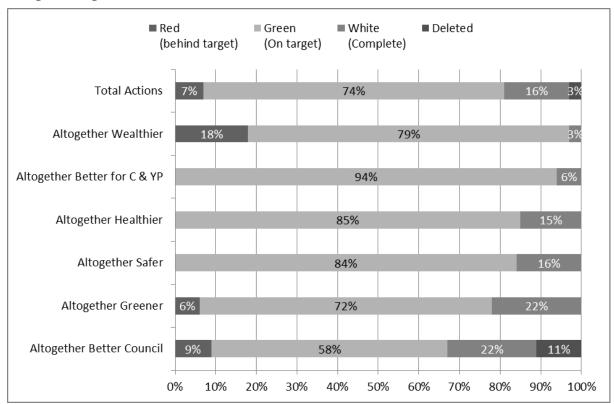
# Key Performance Indicators



#### Source: Service performance monitoring data

- 30. In quarter one 2015/16, 75% (45) of target indicators approached, met or exceeded targets and 67% (40) of target indicators improved or remained static. Performance in relation to tracker indicators, many of which reflect the local economy, showed 71% (58) improving or remaining static compared to the same period last year.
- 31. Areas where there has been improvement in performance in terms of direction of travel compared to 12 months earlier are:
  - i. Occupancy of Business Durham floor space
  - ii. Empty properties brought back into use through council intervention
  - iii. Apprenticeships started through Durham County Council funded schemes and those sustained at least 15 months
  - iv. Statutory homelessness acceptances
  - v. Children in need referrals within 12 months of previous referral
  - vi. Children with a child protection plan

- vii. Teenage pregnancy rates
- viii. Young people admitted to hospital as a result of self-harm
- ix. Delayed transfers of care
- x. Successful drug and alcohol completions
- xi. Overall crime
- xii. Police reported incidents of anti-social behaviour
- xiii. Theft
- xiv. Levels of litter and detritus
- xv. Municipal waste diverted from landfill
- xvi. Household waste re-used, recycled or composted
- xvii. Fly-tipping incidents
- xviii. Telephone call handling
- xix. Supplier invoices paid within 30 days
- xx. Staff performance appraisals
- 32. Key areas where there has been a deterioration in performance in terms of direction of travel compared to 12 months earlier are:
  - i. Major planning applications determined within deadline
  - ii. Jobs created or safeguarded as a result of Business Durham activity
  - iii. Young people re-offending
  - iv. Looked after children
  - v. Permanent admissions to residential/nursing homes
  - vi. Smoking quitters
  - vii. NHS health checks
  - viii. Employee sickness absence rates
  - ix. Freedom of Information requests responded to within deadline



#### Progress against Council Plan Actions - Quarter One 2015/16

33. Overall performance in the first quarter of 2015/16 shows that 16% (32 out of 207) of actions have been completed and 74% (154 actions) are on target. 7% (14 actions) did not meet target and 3% (7 actions) have been deleted. Further details of these actions are highlighted throughout the report. The Altogether Greener theme has achieved the highest percentage of actions completed (22%). The Altogether Wealthier theme has the highest percentage behind target (18%), which amounts to six actions.

#### **Service Plan Actions**

Service Grouping	Total number of Service Plan	Number of actions met or exceeded	% of actions met or exceeded	Number on target	% of actions on target	Number behind target	% of actions behind target	Deleted	% of actions deleted
ACE	74	14	19%	49	66%	10	14%	1	1%
CAS	110	12	11%	97	88%	1	1%	0	0%
NS	118	21	18%	93	79%	4	3%	0	0%
RED	102	2	2%	79	77%	17	17%	4	4%
RES	116	23	20%	77	66%	5	4%	11	10%
Total	520	72	14%	395	76%	37	7%	16	3%

#### Source: Service monitoring data

- 34. Overall, 90% of service plan actions have either been achieved or are on target to be achieved by the deadline. Actions which did not meet target equate to 7%. The Children and Adults (CAS) service grouping had the highest percentage of actions achieved or on target (99%). The Regeneration and Economic Development service grouping (RED) had the highest percentage of actions behind target (17%, 17 actions), with seven of the actions behind target due to the delay in progressing the County Durham Plan. This is followed by the Assistant Chief Executive Services grouping (ACE) (14%, 10 actions) and Resources service grouping (RES) (4%, 5 actions). There were 16 actions (3%) proposed to be deleted in this quarter. Resources has the highest percentage of actions deleted (10%, 11 actions), with four of the actions already completed by the end of the previous financial year. Two actions are proposed to be added from next quarter, one within ACE and the other in RES.
- 35. Reporting of these key actions is on an exception basis with a full copy of the exceptions, deletions, amendments and additions available on request from performance@durham.gov.uk.

#### **Risk Management**

- 36. Effective risk management is a vital component of the council's change agenda. The council's risk management process sits alongside our change programme and is incorporated into all significant change and improvement projects.
- 37. The strategic risks identified as potential barriers to successfully achieving our objectives are detailed against each Altogether theme in the relevant sections of the report. These risks have been identified using the following criteria:
  - a. Net impact is critical, and the net likelihood is highly probable, probable or possible.
  - b. Net impact is major, and the net likelihood is highly probable or probable.
  - c. Net impact is moderate, and the net likelihood is highly probable.

38. As at 30 June 2015, there were 27 strategic risks, a reduction of one since 31 March 2015. One new risk has been added and two have been removed. The following matrix categorises the strategic risks according to their net risk evaluation as at 30 June 2015. To highlight changes in each category during the last quarter, the number of risks as at 31 March 2015 is shown in brackets.

Corporate	Risk	Heat	Мар
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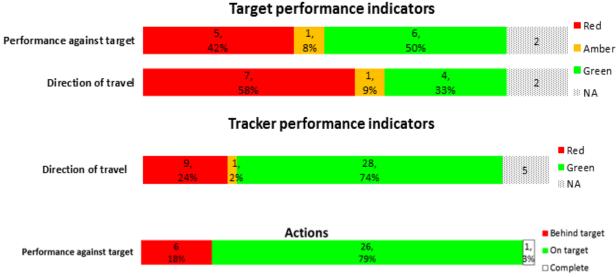
Impact					
Critical	1 (2)	1 (1)	2 (3)		1 (1)
Major		4 (3)	4 (4)	1 (1)	
Moderate			8 (8)	4 (5)	1 (1)
Minor					
Insignificant					
Likelihood	Remote	Unlikely	Possible	Probable	Highly Probable

Key risks

- 39. Following the findings of the planning inspector in an interim report on the County Durham Plan, one new risk has been identified this quarter. The future strategic direction of the council and the county will be adversely impacted if the County Durham Plan is not adopted (Regeneration and Economic Development).
- 40. Two risks have been removed from the register in this quarter. This is due to management of the risk by the service as mitigating actions have been completed to reduce risks to a level where management now consider existing controls to be adequate. These two risks are as follows:
  - a. Gypsy Roma Travellers set up camp/events on council land without permission (Neighbourhood Services).
  - b. Coastal erosion and environmental improvements may be adversely impacted if a programme of repairs to Seaham North Pier is not undertaken (Neighbourhood Services).
- 41. At a corporate strategic level, key risks to draw attention to, with their respective net risk evaluations shown in brackets, are:
  - a. If there was to be slippage in the delivery of the agreed Medium Term Financial Plan savings projects, this will require further savings to be made from other areas, which may result in further service reductions and job losses (critical/possible).
  - Ongoing Government funding cuts which now extend to at least 2019/20 will continue to have an increasing major impact on all council services (critical/ highly probable).

- c. Potential restitution of search fees going back to 2005 (moderate/highly probable).
- d. If we were to fail to comply with Central Government's Public Services Network Code of Connection criteria for our computer applications, this would put some of our core business processes at risk, such as revenues and benefits, which rely on secure transfer of personal data (critical/possible).
- e. The future strategic direction of the council and the county will be adversely impacted if the County Durham Plan is not adopted (major/probable)
- 42. The implementation of additional mitigation on a number of risks has enabled the council to improve performance, decision-making and governance, and this is detailed in the relevant sections of the report.

#### **Altogether Wealthier: Overview**



# Council Performance

43. Key achievements this quarter include:

- a. The empty homes programme, which provides financial assistance to owners to bring long-term empty properties back into use, gained momentum through the last year. This has resulted in a high number of returns this quarter with 65 properties returned to use, through a number of interventions such as grants, loans, engagement, encouragement and working with registered providers. Performance was better than the target of 30 and the same period last year, when 19 properties were improved.
- b. During 2014/15 there were 357 apprenticeship starts through Durham County Council funded schemes, nearly double the target of 180 and exceeding the previous year's performance (290). At the end of the year all European Social Fund monies had been exhausted, however contributions to the 2015/16 apprenticeship programme have been identified from Area Action Partnerships (AAPs). Bishop Auckland and Shildon AAP and 3 Towns AAP are funding a post to deliver an employability mentoring programme in 2015/16. The mentoring approach, along with other direct employability support programmes, has been incorporated into the enhanced employability solutions project. A second Youth Employment Advisor has been appointed as part of the youth employment programme, providing more extensive coverage across County Durham job centres.

At 30 June, 393 local authority funded apprenticeships had been sustained for at least 15 months (45.6% of apprenticeships), a trend which is expected to continue due to the large number of apprentices starting during 2014/15.

An element of a key Council Plan action is the delivery of apprenticeship initiatives. The Skills Support for the Unemployed Programme, which was funded by European Social Fund (ESF) to July 2015, is now complete. Through this programme, 63 people have been supported through bespoke pre-employment training programmes, 14 of whom have moved into employment.

Wage subsidy is now classed as eligible under the ESF programme therefore officers are looking to develop a broader programme of wage subsidy over the lifetime of the Youth Employment Initiative (YEI) programme for County Durham.

- c. The occupancy of Business Durham premises continues to rise and currently stands at 83% against a target of 79%. This shows improvement from 79% last quarter and 76.1% for the comparable period last year. The increase is reflective of a strong growth in lettings at NETPark and on industrial units, while the office accommodation market remains difficult. Business Durham premises generated £736,379 of income during quarter one. This is below the £770,000 target however some income is due to be credited in July. Occupancy of properties from Durham County Council's retail, commercial and investment portfolio remains static with 82% of properties let, above the 80% target.
- d. The percentage of overall planning applications determined in deadline is now in line with the target of 87%. Performance has improved from 79.1% last quarter. The number of overall planning applications received fell from 691 last quarter to 656 this quarter and is at the lowest level for the past two years (Appendix 4, chart 1). Due to the timescales involved for determining applications within deadline, any increase or decrease in the number of applications received has an impact on the following quarter's performance. In addition, some planning applications are more complex and therefore take longer to resolve. 64.7% of major planning applications were determined within deadline, which remains below target (75%), performance for last quarter (68%) and the same period last year (87.5%). This is as expected due to the uncertainty of the County Durham Plan. This quarter 35 major planning applications were received, compared to 30 last quarter.
- e. Tracker indicators show:
  - The number of people claiming Job Seeker Allowance (JSA) has decreased from 9,385 at quarter one 2014/15 to 7,061 this quarter. Of the 7,061 people, there were 1,890 claimants aged 18 to 24 years (26.8% of all JSA claimants). The number of youth claimants has fallen from 2,190 last quarter and 2,580 for the corresponding period last year.
  - ii. The number of JSA claimants who have claimed for 12 months or more continues to fall, decreasing from 2,125 (27.8% of all JSA claimants) in the last quarter to 1,920 (27.2%) this quarter. The proportion of long term claimants has fallen 24% from the corresponding period in 2014/15 (3,365 claimants). The County Durham rate is higher than the national rate of 24%, but lower than the North East (30.2%) and nearest statistical neighbour rates (31.2%).

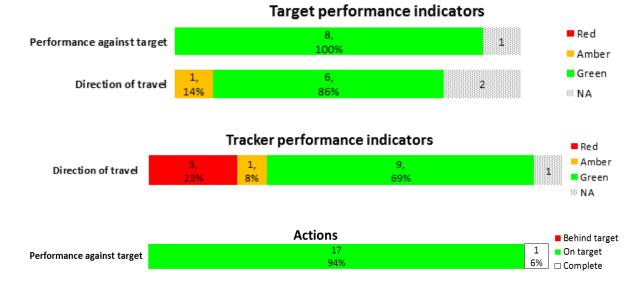
The roll out of Universal Credit has led to the Office for National Statistics/Department of Work and Pensions (ONS/DWP) changing their headline claimant count measure. Previously the claimant count reflected solely the number of people claiming JSA. However as the Universal Credit rollout progresses and more people claim under the new system JSA becomes an underestimate of the true claimant count. ONS/DWP have concluded that the number of out of work people claiming Universal Credit will in future be the best measure of unemployment and will use this definition for headline rates at national and regional levels. Local authority level data will remain as JSA only. Although the impact of this change is likely to be small to begin with there will be a gradual reduction in JSA numbers, which will hinder our ability to distinguish between Universal Credit rollout and underlying labour market trends. Caution should be taken when comparing local data to regional and national levels.

- iii. During this quarter 330 net homes were completed, an improvement from the previous quarter (243), although this is less than the same period last year (361). Of the 330 homes, 39% (130 homes) were in or near major settlements. This is higher than last quarter (35%) and the same period last year (35%). 20 new homes were completed in Durham City. This is an improvement on last quarter (19) and the same period last year (14).
- iv. Homeless indicators show there were 36 acceptances of a statutory homelessness duty, an improvement from 39 last quarter and 62 for the same period last year. However the number of preventions fell from 326 last quarter to 276 this quarter. Due to changes to the definition, performance cannot be compared with the same period last year.
- f. Progress has been made with the following Council Plan and service plan actions:
  - i. Good progress has been made with the delivery of Auckland Castle Trust projects. The council approved planning consent for the Eleven Arches site, together with the required licences for staging outdoor shows. Eleven Arches is seeking to produce a large scale, visually stunning open air night show, bringing to life the history of Britain through the eyes of the North East, with Auckland Castle as a backdrop. The licences are subject to a limit of ten for 2016/17 due to concerns regarding noise levels. A report to Cabinet in the autumn of this year will provide further detail on the delivery of the projects.
  - ii. Good progress has been made with the physical regeneration projects in Seaham, Peterlee and Consett. Initial consultation has been completed regarding improvements to Seaham and a funding application is being prepared. Stakeholders have been identified to assist with development of the projects in both Peterlee and Consett.
  - iii. The highway works to construct a new roundabout at Sunderland Bridge junction are now complete. The work was completed ahead of the Miner's Gala and the commencement of the works to Milburngate Bridge.
  - iv. The Private Landlord Accreditation Scheme, a voluntary scheme requiring private landlords to work in line with a code of practice, has been rolled out countywide with over 3,000 landlords being invited to join the scheme. The scheme has only recently been rolled out but interest has already been shown with 169 landlords joining the scheme.

- v. Further good progress has been made with the roll out of fast speed broadband through our Digital Durham programme.
- 44. The key performance improvement issues for this theme are:
  - a. As a result of Business Durham activity, 164 potential jobs have been secured or created, through projects with existing businesses and working with tenants. However performance of this indicator continues to be below the quarterly target (600).
  - b. This quarter 103 private sector properties have been improved through local authority intervention. This was below the target of 149 but higher than the same period last year, when 71 properties were improved. Additional properties have been identified for improvement and negotiations with landlords are progressing.
  - c. Tracker indicators show:
    - i. Although the number of people in employment increased from 229,700 last quarter to 230,800 this quarter (April 2014 to March 2015), the employment rate (16 to 64 years) has fallen slightly from 68.7% to 68.5%, due to increases in both the working age population and people over 65 who are working. The County Durham rate is lower than the national (72.7%), regional (68.7%) and nearest statistical neighbour rates (70.9%), which all continue to improve. The employment rate however is better than at the same period last year when this was 66.2%.
    - The proportion of the working age population currently not in work who want a job during the same period has deteriorated from 12.4% (40,600 people) in the previous quarter to 13% (43,200 people) this period. Performance is better than the corresponding period in 2013/14 (13.7%) however is worse than the England (10.1%), North East (12.4%) and nearest statistical neighbour rates (11.5%).
    - iii. During quarter one 1,217 applicants registered on Durham Key Options have been re-housed. This is a reduction from 1,345 in the previous quarter and 1,228 for the same period last year (see Appendix 4, chart 2). Performance is directly affected by the number of empty properties available. The decrease in lets demonstrates better sustainability amongst partners and less terminations. This is due to better matching of stock and increased financial support over the two years since welfare reform. 41% (558) of new applications met the criteria to be categorised as a reasonable preference group, which includes people with hardship, medical/welfare issues, overcrowding or who are statutory or non-statutory homeless.
    - iv. The amount that individuals have available for spending or saving (gross disposable income per head) increased from £14,151 in 2012 to £14,659 in 2013. This remains below the North East rate (£14,927) and significantly below the England rate (£17,842).

- d. The key Council Plan actions which have not achieved target in this theme include:
  - i. The adoption of the County Durham Plan has been delayed further. Following advice and support from both Government and the Planning Inspectorate, the council requested an opportunity to explore its concerns regarding the inspector's interim report in the public domain. The inspector declined this opportunity. Having explored all options it was agreed to pursue this matter through the courts by way of a judicial review. This was lodged with the High Court on 15 May. Following a request from the Department of Communities and Local Government, Judge Linbolm has granted a stay on proceedings in order for interested parties to try to come to a resolution.
  - ii. Obtaining planning consent for the Western Relief Road in Durham is a key proposal in the County Durham Plan and is therefore dependent on the above concerns with the County Durham Plan. This deadline has therefore been revised for March 2016 to August 2017.
  - iii. The delivery of traffic flow improvements in Durham City has been delayed from October 2016 until September 2017 as the funding awaited for the preparatory works for A1(M)/A690 junction improvement has been delayed until 2017.
  - iv. The redevelopment at St John's Square, Seaham has been delayed by a month but it is now largely complete on site with landscaping and lighting works to be completed by the end of September 2015.
  - v. The development of infrastructure at Merchant Park 2, Newton Aycliffe has been delayed from March 2017 to March 2018 following delays with the design and construction of the electricity supply, due to late receipt of information from the developer. Planning is likely to have consent in early 2016, with power works commencing in early 2016/17.
  - vi. The feasibility study into the vision and purpose of Bishop Auckland Town Hall and its links to Auckland Castle has been delayed from April 2015 until November 2015. A draft feasibility study on refurbishment of the building has been completed, but requires further work. A project group has been set up to determine a new programming vision.
- 45. There is one key risk in delivering the objectives of this theme. The future strategic direction of the council and the county will be adversely impacted if the County Durham Plan is not adopted. A judicial review of the decision has commenced.

## Altogether Better for Children and Young People: Overview



# Council Performance

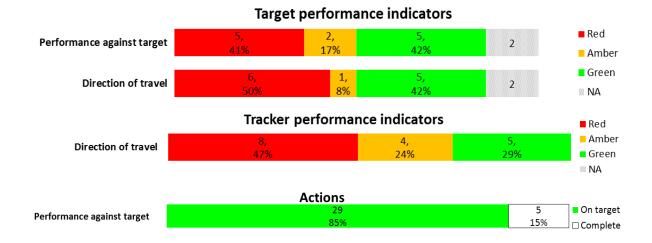
46. Key achievements this quarter include:

- a. The Stronger Families Programme aims to assist individuals in a family to achieve reductions in crime/anti-social behaviour, improve school attendance or move back into employment as set out in the Department for Communities and Local Government's Troubled Families Programme Financial Framework (March 2012). As of March 2015, 1,320 families have had a successful intervention, which equates to 100% of County Durham's overall target by May 2015. A total reward grant of £1,435,200 has been secured. Comparator data (as of March 2015) show that County Durham has exceeded the national (98.9%), regional (99.9%) and statistical neighbours (99.6%) averages. Following on from the success of the programme, stage two commenced on 1 April 2015 and will continue until May 2020.
- b. Data for April to June 2015 show that 317 of 1,566 children in need referrals occurred within 12 months of the previous referral, which equals 20.2%. This is achieving the target of 21% and has improved from the same period last year (36.6%) (Appendix 4, chart 4). The rate is better than the 2013/14 national (23.4%), regional (22.9%) and statistical neighbour averages (25.9%).
- c. Tracker indicators show:
  - i. At 30 June 2015, there were 352 children subject to a child protection plan, which equates to a rate of 35.1 per 10,000 under 18 population and is a reduction from 44.5 (446 children) at the same point last year. Performance is better than the March 2014 England (42.1), North East (59.3) and statistical neighbour averages (54.8).
  - ii. Provisional under 18 conception rate data for 2014 show a rate of 30.9, which is a reduction from 2013 (33.8). Although there has been a reduction the rate is above the provisional regional (29.7) and national (23.9) averages.

- 47. The key performance improvement issues for this theme are:
  - a. Latest data show 194 of the 474 young people in the July 2012 to June 2013 cohort re-offended within 12 months, which equates to 40.9%. This is an increase when compared against the same period in the previous year (37.5%). The rate in County Durham is higher than the national rate of 36.6%. The 474 young people in the offender cohort committed a total of 611 offences, which equates to an offending rate of 1.29 offences per person. This rate is higher than the same period of the previous year (1.15) and the national average of 1.11. With the aim of reducing reoffending, County Durham Youth Offending Service has developed an enhanced programme of interventions for a cohort of young people identified as offending six or more times in the previous 12 months. The interventions include intensive levels of supervision, short-cut access to a range of multi-agency specialist professionals, and support for leisure activities, reparation and education, training and employment.
  - b. There has been a reduction in young people aged 10 to 24 years admitted to hospital as a result of self-harm, although the rate remains above national levels. For the latest three year figure (2011/12 to 2013/14) County Durham's rate is 489.4 per 100,000 population aged 10 to 24 years, which is lower than the previous three year figure (504.8 for 2010/11 to 2012/13). This is worse than the national average of 367.3.
  - c. Tracker indicators show:
    - i. At 30 June 2015 there were 641 looked after children (LAC), which equates to a rate of 63.9 per 10,000 population. This rate is an increase from 60.2 (603 LAC) at the same point last year. March 2014 benchmarking data show that County Durham's rate is better than the North East average (81) and statistical neighbours (81) but worse than the England rate of 60. The reduced numbers of children with adoption plans nationally and locally are having an impact on the overall numbers, and following recent serious case reviews this is contributing to a more robust approach to the management of long standing cases of neglect within County Durham. A number of large sibling groups becoming looked after in the early months of 2015, including a family of seven and a family of six have had an impact on the looked after numbers (Appendix 4, chart 3).
    - ii. As at February 2015, 20,060 children were living in families claiming out-of-work benefits in County Durham, which is equivalent to 22.7% of all 0 to 15 year-olds in the county. This is the same as the previous quarter and is 6.1 percentage points higher than the equivalent figure for England (16.6%). This gap is larger than at any point in the last eight years. It should be noted however that this is a proxy measure of child poverty as it reflects a snapshot of the number of children in families claiming out-of-work benefits only and does not reflect in-work poverty in the area.
  - d. There are no Council Plan actions which have not achieved target in this theme.

48. There are no key risks which require any mitigating action in delivering the objectives of this theme.

#### **Altogether Healthier: Overview**

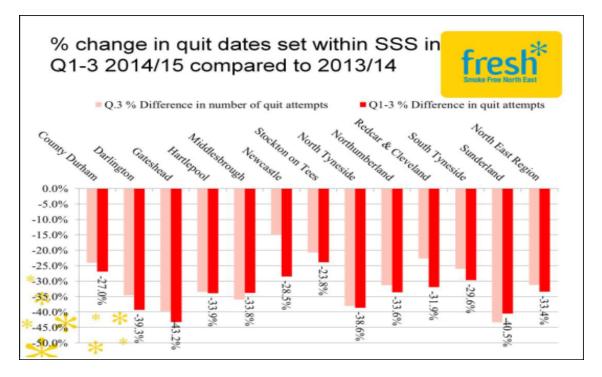


#### **Council Performance**

49. Key achievements this quarter include:

- a. During the period April to May 2015, 91.2% of adult social care service users reported that the help and support they received made their quality of life better. This is exceeding the 2015/16 target of 90% but has reduced from 94.3% in the same period last year.
- b. Between January and March 2015, 599 older people received a reablement service following their discharge from hospital. Of these, 519 remained living independently in their own home 91 days after their discharge. This equates to 86.6%, which is exceeding the 2015/16 target of 85.7% but is slightly below performance in the same period last year (87.9%). Performance is above the 2013/14 statistical neighbour (85.3%) and England (82.5%) averages but is slightly below the North East average (87.2%).
- c. Of the 1,201 people in alcohol treatment between April 2014 and March 2015, 456 successfully completed. This equates to a 38% successful completion rate, which is an increase from 34.8% in 2013/14 and has exceeded the 2014/15 target of 36.6%. Performance is slightly below the 2014/15 national outturn of 39.2%.
- d. Tracker indicators show:
  - i. In the two snapshot periods in April and May 2015 there were 37 delayed transfers of care which equates to a rate of 4.5 delays per 100,000 population. This is an improvement from 6.4 delays per 100,000 in the same period last year and is better than the 2013/14 England (7.9), regional (8.1) and 2014/15 statistical neighbour (11.2) averages.
  - There were nine delays which were attributable to social care, a rate of 1.08 delays per 100,000 population per day. This is better than the 2013/14 England (3.1), regional (2.0) and 2014/15 statistical neighbour (3.7) averages.

- 50. Underlying health issues continue to be a challenge in terms of differences in life expectancy and prevalence of a range of health conditions from the national picture. We monitor a number of health indicators across our corporate indicator set and updated annual data will be reported in subsequent quarters.
- 51. The key performance improvement issues for this theme from data released this quarter are:
  - a. Latest provisional figures show that there were 3,068 smoking quitters through the Stop Smoking Service (SSS) during 2014/15, which equates to a rate of 717.5 per 100,000 population. This is below the target of 1,126 per 100,000 (4,813 quitters) and is less than 971 per 100,000 (4,134 quitters) during 2013/14. All stop smoking services (national and regional) have seen a drop in access over the past two years. Regional data available for quarter one to three 2014/15 shows the drop in access in County Durham is the second lowest of all regional stop smoking services (see graph below). Smoking has been identified as being responsible for one in five of all deaths in adults aged 35 and over. This is more than all deaths caused by alcohol, car accidents, suicide, AIDS, murder and illegal drugs combined.



The SSS has developed a plan to increase uptake in 2015/16 including:

- Increased marketing of services to key target groups
- Marketing services to attract e-cigarette users e.g. e-cigarette friendly services
- Undertaking a review of clients who initially access stop smoking services but subsequently disengaged within a four week period

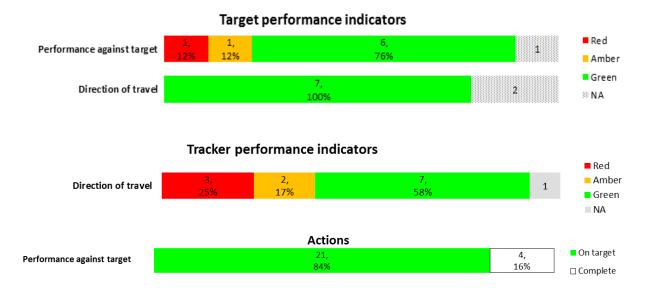
The contract for the SSS ceases in March 2016. Public health are currently undertaking a full service review of the SSS in preparation for tendering out the service in 2016/17 onwards.

- b. In 2014/15, 7.4% of eligible people in County Durham (12,137 of 163,364) received an NHS health check, which did not achieve the target of 8% and is a reduction from 10.3% in 2013/14. Performance is below regional (8.3%) and national (9.6%) averages. It is important to note that the focus of health checks in County Durham was changed for 2014/15, from a universal to a targeted service aimed at those people with a high prevalence of cardiovascular disease (CVD) risk factors. The contract with GPs for the provision of health checks for 2015/16 was issued to providers on 29 May 2015 and performance against the contract will be monitored by the Public Health lead.
- c. For the period April to June 2015, 186 older people were admitted to permanent residential or nursing care. This equates to 178.5 per 100,000 population and has not achieved the quarter one target of 149 per 100,000. This is also higher than the same period in 2014/15 when there were 158 admissions (a rate of 163.6 per 100,000 population). Factors which have contributed to an increased number of permanent admissions include:
  - Increased pressures on the wider health community in County Durham, with older people a particularly vulnerable group. There has been a 6.1% increase in presentations to Accident and Emergency during April and May 2015 compared to the same period of 2014.
  - Increasing complexity of cases, with an additional 19 admissions to specialist dementia beds between April and June 2015 when compared to the same period in 2014.

Robust panels operate to ensure that only those in most need, who can no longer be cared for within their own home, are admitted to permanent care. Permanent admissions are not all funded by the council as some will be selffunded but may receive non-financial council support. It is therefore appropriate to compare the actual number of residential/nursing beds purchased by the council as this shows the cost of permanent residential or nursing care to the council. The number purchased between April and June 2015 decreased by 4.1% (9,689 bed days) from 238,557 at the same period last year (April to June 2014) to 228,868 this year.

- d. The number of people in drug treatment for opiate use between October 2013 and September 2014 was 1,454, of which 103 successfully completed, i.e. they did not re-present between October 2014 and March 2015. This equates to a 7.1% successful completion rate, which is below the target of 7.9% and national performance of 7.6% but an increase in performance from the same period in the previous year (6.1%). Following a procurement exercise in 2014/15, Durham County Council awarded the contract for an integrated drug and alcohol treatment service for adults and young people to Lifeline Project Ltd. A performance management framework is currently being developed with LifeLine, for implementation in summer 2015.
- e. There are no Council Plan actions which have not achieved target in this theme.
- 52. There are no key risks which require any mitigating action in delivering the objectives of this theme.

# Altogether Safer: Overview



#### **Council Performance**

53. Key achievements this quarter include:

- a. The percentage of people who agreed that the local council and police deal with concerns of anti-social behaviour (ASB) and crime was 63.2% during 2014/15, with a confidence interval of +/-3.6%. Public perception has increased from 58.8% in the equivalent period of 2013/14. Please note that the Crime Survey is used to report this indicator, which is at force level so includes Darlington.
- b. As reported in the Altogether Better for Children and Young People theme, the Stronger Families Programme aims to assist individuals in a family to achieve reductions in crime/anti-social behaviour, improve school attendance or move back into employment as set out in the Department for Communities and Local Government's Troubled Families Programme Financial Framework (March 2012). As of March 2015, 1,320 families have had a successful intervention, which equates to 100% of County Durham's overall target of 1,320 families by May 2015. This equates to a total reward grant of £1,435,200. Comparator data (as of March 2015) show that County Durham has exceeded the national (98.9%), regional (99.9%) and statistical neighbours (99.6%) averages. Following on from the success of the programme, stage two commenced on 1 April 2015 and will continue until May 2020.
- c. As reported in the Altogether Healthier theme, of the 1,201 people in alcohol treatment between April 2014 and March 2015, 456 successfully completed. This equates to a 38% successful completion rate, which is an increase from 34.8% in 2013/14 and has exceeded the 2014/15 target of 36.6%. Performance is slightly below the 2014/15 national outturn of 39.2%.

- d. Tracker indicators show:
  - i. In the period April to June 2015 there were 6,326 crimes, equating to a rate of 12.3 per 1,000 population. This has reduced from 6,462 crimes in the equivalent period of 2014 and equates to a 2.1% reduction in overall crime, following a 2% increase in crime reported for 2014/15. Based on current figures Durham Constabulary is forecasting a 1.6% reduction in total crime by the end of 2015/16. Analysis has highlighted that the reduction is primarily due to a fall in theft offences of 9.2% (see table below). However, this was partially offset by crimes categorised as violence against the person which have increased by 9.4% against the equivalent period last year. The County Durham Community Safety Partnership (CSP) area continues to see the lowest level of crime per 1,000 population for the period April to May 2015 (8.2) when compared to its most similar CSPs average (11.8).
  - ii. Between April and June 2015, there were 5,657 victim based crimes, which is a 1.8% reduction (103 fewer victims of crime) when compared to the 2014/15 equivalent period (5,760 crimes). This equates to a rate of 11 per 1,000 population. Based on current figures, Durham Constabulary is forecasting a 2% reduction in the number of victim based crimes by the end of 2015/16. County Durham CSP area has the lowest rate for victim based crime per 1,000 population for the period April to May 2015 (7.3) when compared to its most similar CSPs average (10.5). Durham Constabulary continues to report positive feedback from victims of crimes, collected via the Police Satisfaction Survey, and has some of the highest satisfaction levels in the country.
  - iii. Between April and June 2015 there were 2,634 theft offences, equating to a rate of 5.1 per 1,000 population. This is a reduction of 9.2% from the 2,901 offences during the same period of the previous year. All theft offences are showing a reduction against 2014 as shown below:

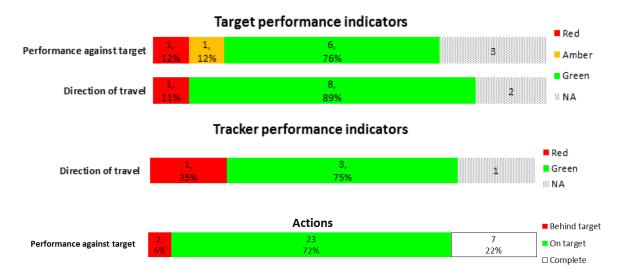
	Record	Recorded: <u>Year To date</u>			
Crime categories	To Jun-14	To Jun-15	Change		
Theft offences	2,901	2,634	-9.2%		
Burglary	714	683	-4.3%		
Vehicle offences	493	436	-11.6%		
Theft from the person	29	25	-13.8%		
Theft of a pedal cycle	88	59	-33.0%		
Shoplifting	652	604	-7.4%		
All other theft offences	925	827	-10.6%		

Based upon current figures, Durham Constabulary is forecasting a 6% reduction in theft offences by the end of 2015/16. The County Durham CSP area has one of the lowest rates of theft occurrences per 1,000 population (3.4) when compared to its most similar CSPs average (5.04) for the period April to May 2015.

- iv. In the period April to June 2015 there were 5,761 incidents of ASB reported to the police. This equates to a 12.3% reduction on the equivalent period in 2014/15 (6,568 incidents). Durham Constabulary is forecasting a 12.9% reduction in ASB incidents by the end of 2015/16.
- 54. An issue highlighted in previous reports has been that referral rates to the Multi Agency Risk Assessment Conference (MARAC) have been low in County Durham when compared to other parts of the country. An independent report produced by CAADA (Coordinated Action Against Domestic Abuse), now known as SafeLives, a national charity dedicated to ending domestic abuse, reported that County Durham rates are considerably below recommended levels and the national average and made recommendations to identify repeat cases and refer cases back to the MARAC. Between April and June 2015, 92 victims of domestic abuse presented to the MARAC of which 17 were repeats, equating to 18.5%. This is an increase from 14.1% in the previous year but falls short of the 25% threshold expected by SafeLives.

55. The key performance improvement issues for this theme are:

- a. As reported in the Altogether Better for Children and Young People theme, latest data show 194 of the 474 young people in the July 2012 to June 2013 cohort re-offended within 12 months, which equates to 40.9%. This is an increase when compared against the same period in the previous year (37.5%). The rate in County Durham is higher than the national rate of 36.6%. The 474 young people in the offender cohort committed a total of 611 offences, which equates to an offending rate of 1.29 offences per person. This rate is higher than the same period of the previous year (1.15) and the national average of 1.11. With the aim of reducing reoffending, County Durham Youth Offending Service has developed an enhanced programme of interventions for a cohort of young people identified as offending six or more times in the previous 12 months. The interventions include intensive levels of supervision, short-cut access to a range of multi-agency specialist professionals, and support for leisure activities, reparation and education, training and employment.
- b. As reported in the Altogether Healthier theme, the number of people in drug treatment for opiate use between October 2013 and September 2014 was 1,454, of which 103 successfully completed, i.e. they did not re-present between October 2014 and March 2015. This equates to a 7.1% successful completion rate, which is below the target of 7.9% and national performance of 7.6% but an increase in performance from the same period in the previous year (6.1%). Following a procurement exercise in 2014/15, Durham County Council awarded the contract for an integrated drug and alcohol treatment service for adults and young people to Lifeline Project Ltd. A performance management framework is currently being developed with LifeLine, for implementation in summer 2015.
- c. There are no Council Plan actions which have not achieved target in this theme.
- 56. There are no key risks which require any mitigating action in delivering the objectives of this theme.



## **Council Performance**

57. Key achievements this quarter include:

- a. During the 12 months ending May 2015, 96.7% of municipal waste was diverted from landfill. Performance exceeded the target of 95% but decreased by 2.3% from the previous quarter. During March and April the Energy from Waste plant was closed due to planned essential maintenance. Although waste was sent to alternative facilities for disposal, including the Mechanical Biological Treatment at Byker, some additional waste was sent for landfill.
- b. During the 12 months ending May 2015, 42.2% of household waste was re-used, recycled or composted, exceeding the 38% target. The national picture shows that all councils are experiencing a plateau in the area of reuse, recycling and composting and this situation is unlikely to change without government investment and expansion of recycling schemes. During 2014/15, 42.6% of the household waste we collected was reused, recycled or composted, which reflects the regional picture. At the end of May, our performance was 42.2%; this slight reduction can mainly be attributed to changes to our Garden Waste Scheme with 6,000 fewer tonnes of garden waste being collected between the start of the garden waste collections in March and 31 May compared to last year. The reduced targets for 2015/16 reflect the potential impact of these changes on this years' performance.
- c. Three times a year the condition of our local environment in relation to litter, detritus and dog fouling is assessed using a survey. The 2014/15 year-end figures indicate that:
  - i. Of relevant land and highways assessed as having deposits of litter, 5.3% fell below an acceptable level. Performance was better than the target of 7% and the national average (11%) and improved from 6% reported in 2013/14.

- ii. Of relevant land and highways assessed as having deposits of detritus, 8.9% fell below an acceptable level. Performance was better than the target of 10% and the national average (31%) and improved from 9.5% reported in 2013/14.
- Of relevant land and highways assessed as having deposits of dog fouling, 1.1% fell below an acceptable level. Performance improved from 1.6% reported in 2013/14 and was better than the national average (8.1%).

Teams are working to ensure standards remain high. The next survey will be carried out in August/September and an update will be provided in quarter two. During July, County Durham landed a string of prestigious awards by Keep Britain Tidy. Fourteen open spaces owned by the council were awarded Green Flag status for 2015. These include six parks and two countryside sites, while six cemeteries/crematoriums were also recognised, the highest number held by any local authority in the country.

- d. During quarter one 2015/16, there were 374 renewable energy feed in tariff installations registered and approved and the target of 225 installations was exceeded. There were 373 solar photovoltaic installations and one wind installation. The feed in tariff installations have contributed 215.7 megawatts of energy as at the end of June 2015.
- e. A key tracker indicator shows the multi-agency taskforce approach to dealing with fly-tipping is continuing to show significant results. There were 7,674 fly-tipping incidents during the 12 months ending June 2015, 1,105 fewer incidents compared to the previous quarter and 2,019 fewer incidents compared to quarter one 2014/15 (see Appendix 4, Chart 5).

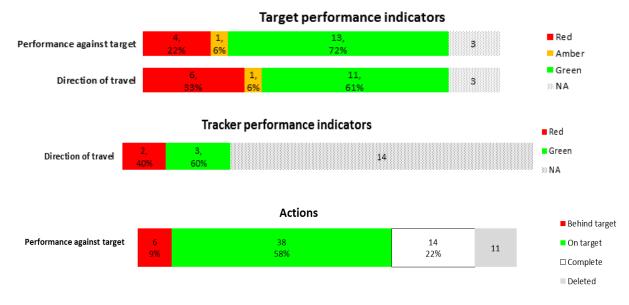
During quarter one, CCTV cameras were deployed to a further 81 locations across the county and captured 11 fly-tipping incidents. 38 stop and search operations resulted in the issuing of 18 duty of care warning letters, 11 requests to produce driving and vehicle documentation and eight Fixed Penalty Notices. 34 people attended an interview under caution (Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984) and nine cases were referred for prosecution. A further 28 cases reached court and a total of almost £14,000 was awarded in fines, costs, compensation and surcharges. In addition, one person was given an 18 week prison sentence suspended for a year. Two illegal scrap metal dealers have become the first dealers in the county to be handed criminal behaviour orders to stop them dealing scrap metal for two years. Durham County Council continues to use the social media 'name and shame' to maximum effect following the feedback received. Local and national media have picked up on this success, with two examples to appear in BBC TV's Caught Red Handed.

- f. Progress has been made with the following Council Plan and service plan actions:
  - i. Good progress has been made in relation to the Landscape Partnership Plan. A number of bids have been submitted or have approval to be submitted to the Heritage Lottery Fund in relation to a Village Atlas Project, which looks at relationships between natural and social history and Land of Oak and Iron projects: restoration of an

historic landscape. Further work is underway on a number of other bids such as a biological recording WildWatch Project funding bid and a funding bid in relation to St Mary's Church in Barnard Castle. Through the Heritage Coast Partnership, preparations are underway for formation of a community interest company as an arms-length trading body.

- ii. Work has been undertaken in relation to further developing the Climate Change Strategy and associated delivery plan. The delivery programme will focus around three main areas: climate adaptation, community buildings energy efficiency and transport modal shift for schools and higher education. The Climate Change Strategy was approved by Cabinet in July 2015.
- 58. The key Council Plan actions which have not achieved target in this theme include:
  - i. The procurement and implementation of a new contract for dealing with recyclable material collected at the kerbside has been delayed from June 2015 until April 2016. On advice from our consultants and following soft market testing, tendering has been withheld until the market improves. Following the recycling market commodity crash, only a small upward trend has been seen in prices from their base position of the last few months. The intention is to tender in September for an April 2016 contract start.
  - ii. The action to review operational practices around allotments, to harmonise standards and embed enforcement, has been delayed from April 2015 to April 2016. The initial scope for this work has widened to include a full review of the current policy to ensure it aligns to operational practices. The review is currently underway and due to be completed in 2015/16 following consultation. Basic enforcement values have been agreed in the interim. Staff vacancies have been filled and visit schedules are in place.
- 59. There are no key risks which require any mitigating action in delivering the objectives of this theme.

## **Altogether Better Council: Overview**



#### Council Performance

60. Key achievements this quarter include:

- a. During the 12 months ending June 2015, there has been an increase in telephone calls received from 986,641 reported at quarter one 2014/15 to 1,000,168 reported this quarter. This is also an increase on the previous quarter (989,422 telephone calls). Approximately two thirds of these calls were received by Customer Services and the remaining third by other teams across the council. The increase can be partly attributed to additional telephone lines being added to the Automatic Call Distributor system which have added almost 31,000 calls to the most recent count of overall call volume. 6% of telephone calls were abandoned, an improvement on the same period last year (8%) and better than the target of 12%. 92% of the telephone calls were answered within three minutes, above the target of 80%. This was an improvement on the same period last year, when 88% were answered within three minutes (Appendix 4, Chart 10).
- b. Footfall in our customer access points (CAPs) has been reducing from 263,689 during the 12 months ending June 2014 to 202,511 during the 12 months ending June 2015 (Appendix 4, Chart 11). This is due to the introduction of the appointments system, changes in reporting (including removal of library footfall from CAP figures) and improvements to the ways in which our customers access services. Noticeable decreases are evident in repeat queries for benefits and council tax, due to the new appointments system and advance notice to customers of documentation they need to bring. The Customer Relationship Management System is being reconfigured to capture accurate data in relation to the percentage of customers seen within 15 minutes at a CAP and the percentage of customers with an appointment seen on time. Data related to the customers seen at a CAP will be available by the end of quarter two.
- c. Good performance has been sustained for benefit claims processing for new claims and changes of circumstances during quarter one.

- i. New Housing Benefit (HB) claims were processed in 22.52 days on average, within the 23 day target but 0.59 days slower than the same period last year (21.93 days). The volume of new HB claims processed was 3,149 this quarter which was close to 3,160, the volume processed in quarter one 2014/15 (Appendix 4, Chart 6).
- ii. New Council Tax Reduction (CTR) claims were processed in 23.16 days on average, just outside the 23 day target and almost as fast as during quarter one 2014/15 (23.10 days). The volume of new CTR claims processed decreased from 3,531 in quarter one 2014/15 to 3,401 this quarter (Appendix 4, Chart 7).
- iii. Changes to HB were processed in 10.01 days on average, within the 11 day target and 0.10 days faster than during quarter one 2014/15 (10.11 days). 29,207 change of circumstances for HB claims were processed this quarter (Appendix 4, Chart 8).
- iv. Changes to CTR were processed in 8.34 days on average, within the 11 day target and 2.31 days faster than during quarter one 2014/15 (10.65 days). 40,416 change of circumstances for CTR claims were processed this quarter (Appendix 4, Chart 9).

Note: The way in which the change of circumstance is processed changed this quarter which means that some multi-changes are now counted more than once where previously it would have been counted as just one change. Data previously reported regarding volume is therefore not comparable.

The service is on track to achieve the annual target of 22 days for processing new claims and 10 days for changes of circumstances.

d. The council tax collection rate was 28.7% which achieved target for quarter one, an improvement of 0.24% from quarter one 2014/15. The gross payments collected increased by £2.245m from £62.837m in quarter one 2014/15 to £65.082m in quarter one 2015/16.

At the end of quarter one 2015/16, there were over 2,000 additional chargeable households than at the end of quarter one 2014/15. In June 2015 alone, the number of chargeable households increased by 285. At the same time, more council tax payers opted to pay over 12 months rather than ten, impacting upon monthly cash flow.

It is encouraging to report that the percentage of council tax payers using direct debit increased from 69.96% at the end of quarter one 2014/15 to 70.50% this quarter.

e. The collection rate for business rates was 34.4%, exceeding the 33.4% target at quarter one and improving by 3.1% from quarter one 2014/15. This improvement should be considered within the context of increased collectable debit, from £120,631,485 in June 2014 to £121,518,431 in June 2015. From a cash flow perspective, £42,125,479 was collected this quarter compared to £40,700,194 in quarter one 2014/15, an increase of £1.4m.

Since the start of quarter one 2015/16, a further 196 rate payers chose to pay over 12 months instead of 10, an increase of 13.5%, although this is unlikely to make a significant difference to in-year collection rates as the majority of major business rate payers moved to this payment group for 2014/15.

- f. During quarter one 2015/16, over 88,000 supplier invoices were paid and 93.7% of those were paid within 30 days. Performance exceeded the 92% target. This represents an improvement of 1.3% on the previous quarter and the same period last year.
- g. Progress has been made with the following Council Plan and service plan actions:
  - i. Good progress has been achieved for another year in relation to compliance with the Public Services Network for council computer security and controls. This action has been completed well ahead of the original target date of July 2016.
  - ii. The successful roll out of the Iken software case management system in Legal Services has been achieved. This action has been completed well ahead of the original target date of March 2016.
  - iii. Good progress has been made on office accommodation work, with Cabinet agreeing in principle to progress with a new Headquarters, subject to an outline business case and receipt of an update report in November 2015, in order to make way for a strategic employment site at Aykley Heads. An approach to new ways of working for all employees, in support of the proposed office accommodation programme to move to five strategic sites across the county, is also under development.
- 61. The key performance improvement issues for this theme are:
  - a. The employee appraisal rate was 84.5% in the 12 months to June 2015. Whilst performance improved by 0.8% on the previous quarter and by 31.5% from quarter one 2014/15, the target of 87.5% was not achieved.

Human Resources continue to work with management teams to support and encourage compliance, and individual managers continue to be prompted by automated alerts when appraisals are coming due or overdue. Heads of Service are also provided with monthly lists of their respective employees who have not had a relevant appraisal in the last rolling year.

- b. The council continues to be challenged by sickness absence levels despite significant council-wide efforts to ensure fair and consistent application of the agreed policy by managers, and proactive support to get employees back to work as soon as possible. Improving the management of attendance and reducing sickness absence continues to be a priority for the council.
  - i. The average days lost to sickness absence per full time equivalent (FTE) employee (including school based employees) for the rolling year to June 2015 was 9.97 days. The sickness levels remain higher than acceptable and outside the target of 8.5 days. The average days lost to sickness absence per FTE increased by 4.1% from quarter four 2014/15 (9.58 days) and by 11.3% from the same period last year (8.96 days.

- ii. The average number of days lost to sickness absence per FTE (when excluding schools based employees) for the rolling year to June 2015 was 12.3 days. Whilst current levels remain better than the December 2012 peak of 12.72 days, the target of 11.5 days has not been achieved. The average days lost to sickness absence per FTE increased by 1.3% from quarter four 2014/15 (12.14 days) and by 3.1% from the same period last year (11.93 days).
- During the rolling year to June 2015, 47.5% of posts (excluding school based employees) had no sickness absence. Performance improved from quarter four 2014/15 (45%) but deteriorated from the same period last year (48.1%).
- iv. The percentage time lost to sickness absence (excluding schools) was 4.9% for the rolling year to June 2015. Performance deteriorated from quarter four 2014/15 (4.8%) and from the same period last year (4.7%).

Sickness absence is subject to a scrutiny review by the Corporate Issues Overview and Scrutiny Committee.

- c. The percentage of Freedom of Information (FOI) and Environmental Information Regulations (EIR) requests responded to within 20 days was 71% this quarter, a deterioration of two percentage points from the previous quarter (73%) and eight percentage points from quarter one 2014/15 (79%). Performance remains below the national target of 85%. The number of FOI/EIR requests was 291 this quarter, a slight increase from 283 in the same period last year but a drop from 353 in quarter four 2014/15, although the long term trend continues to increase (see Appendix 4, Chart 12). The high volume in quarter four had a clear spill over effect into quarter one performance. Performance also suffered from increased complexity of FOI requests.
- d. The key Council Plan actions which have not achieved target in this theme include:
  - i. The review of customer service standards and development of an action plan to enable the measurement of the new service standards has been rescheduled from June to October 2015. Customer service standards were approved in June 2015 and an action plan is being developed.
  - ii. Improving information governance through development of Senior Information Risk Owner (SIRO) and Information Asset Owner roles has been delayed. The target date has been revised from May 2015 to October 2015. Work continues to formalise SIRO role and responsibilities within the organisation against broader information governance work.
  - iii. The action to map information assets to identify asset owners and the risk associated with those assets has been delayed. Information asset owners are in place in Children and Adult Services, and mapping of information assets has been done by ICT. Discussions on records management responsibilities have taken place. Full completion of the action has been rescheduled from June 2015 to October 2015.

- iv. The target date to review performance management indicators in relation to welfare reform and poverty has been rescheduled from June 2015 to October 2015. The draft Poverty Action Plan for County Durham was agreed in July. The Action Plan will be considered by Cabinet in October, following which it is intended to undertake a consultation with other organisations and groups, including the County Durham Partnership.
- Delivery of a Centre for Volunteering and Social Enterprise in partnership with Durham Community Action has been rescheduled from November 2015 to January 2016 due to the delay in announcing the winners of the Transformation Challenge Award bids. The first meeting of the centre steering group was held in July 2015.

62. The key risks to successfully delivering the objectives of this theme are:

- a. If there was to be slippage in the delivery of the agreed Medium Term Financial Plan (MTFP) savings projects, this will require further savings to be made from other areas, which may result in further service reductions and job losses. Management consider it possible that this risk could occur, which will result in a funding shortfall, damaged reputation and reduced levels of service delivery. To mitigate the risk, a programme management approach for key projects has been established and embedded across the council. Monitoring by Corporate Management Team and Cabinet provides assurance over the implementation of the agreed MTFP savings projects. It should be recognised that this will be a significant risk for at least the next four years.
- b. Ongoing Government funding cuts which now extend to at least 2019/20 will continue to have an increasing major impact on all council services. Management consider it highly probable that this risk could occur, and to mitigate the risk, sound financial forecasting is in place based on thorough examination of the Government's "red book" plans. This will also be a significant risk for at least the next four years.
- c. Potential restitution of search fee income going back to 2005. The parties have now resolved the matter to their mutual satisfaction.
- d. If we were to fail to comply with Central Government's Public Services Network Code of Connection criteria for our computer applications, this would put some of our core business processes at risk, such as revenues and benefits, which rely on secure transfer of personal data. A backup ICT site is now in place. The equipment has been installed, data has been transferred, and a full test is planned once remedial electrical work is carried out at the council's primary data site. This will remain on the register as an inherent strategic risk.

# Conclusions

- 63. There continues to be good progress made this quarter. Housing development generally shows an improved picture with an increase in the number of new homes built and the number of empty properties brought back into use through local authority intervention. Child safeguarding targets have generally improved and good adult care provision continues although the number of people aged 65 and over admitted on a permanent basis to residential and nursing care is continuing to increase. Crime and anti-social behaviour levels have fallen following a slight increase reported last year. Good progress continues in diverting municipal waste from landfill and low levels of street and environmental cleanliness continue.
- 64. Significant challenges continue in the level of unemployment and in the underlying health picture in the county with low levels of smoking quitters and eligible people receiving NHS health checks. The employee appraisal rate has improved but remains outside target. Sickness indicators show levels have deteriorated and remain worse than target.
- 65. The council has observed reductions in demand for some key areas this quarter such as processing new benefit claims, the number of fly-tipping incidents reported and the number of customers seen at our customer access points.
- 66. Increased demand has been evident in the number of looked after children cases and requests for information under the Freedom of Information Act or Environmental Information Regulations. Although the number of children in need referrals has reduced, numbers still remain high.

## **Recommendations and Reasons**

- 67. Overview and Scrutiny Management Board is recommended to:
  - a. Note the performance of the council at quarter one and the actions to remedy under performance.
  - b. Note all changes to the Council Plan outlined below:

#### **Altogether Wealthier**

- i. Obtain planning consent for the Western Relief Road in Durham due March 2016. Revised date: August 2017.
- ii. Deliver traffic flow improvements in Durham City due October 2016. Revised date: September 2017.
- iii. Complete redevelopment at St Johns Square, Seaham due June 2015. Revised date: September 2015.
- iv. Carry out a feasibility study into the vision and purpose of Bishop Auckland Town Hall and its links to Auckland Castle due April 2015. Revised date: November 2015.
- v. Development of infrastructure at Merchant Park 2, Newton Aycliffe due March 2017. Revised date: March 2018.

#### **Altogether Greener**

- i. Procurement and implementation of a new contract for dealing with recyclable material collected at the kerbside has been delayed from June 2015 until April 2016.
- ii. The action to review operational practices around allotments to harmonise standards and embed enforcement has been delayed from April 2015 to April 2016.

#### **Altogether Better Council**

- i. The action to review customer service standards due June 2015. Revised date: October 2015.
- ii. Develop SIRO and information asset owner due May 2015. Revised date: October 2015.
- Map our information assets to identify asset owners and the risk associated with those assets due June 2015. Revised date: October 2015.
- iv. Review performance management indicators in relation to welfare reform and poverty due June 2015. Revised date: October 2015.
- v. Deliver a Centre for Volunteering and Social Enterprise in partnership with Durham Community Action due November 2015. Revised date: January 2016.
- vi. Publish timely data in line with the new Local Government Transparency Code requirements (quarterly) original dates: June, 2015, September 2015, December 2015 and March 2016. Revised dates: July 2015, October 2015, January 2016 and April 2016 respectively.
- vii. Review of customer service standards and implementation of an action plan to enable the measurement of the new service standards. The wording amended from 'implementation' to 'develop' as this describes better what we do.
- viii. Undertake a survey of completed asset transferred community buildings to evaluate strategy has been deleted due to resource intensity.
- ix. Produce an outline business case for a new headquarters for Cabinet approval by November 2015.

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#### **Appendix 1: Implications**

**Finance -** Latest performance information is being used to inform corporate, service and financial planning.

**Staffing -** Performance against a number of relevant corporate health Performance Indicators (PIs) has been included to monitor staffing issues.

**Risk** - Reporting of significant risks and their interaction with performance is integrated into the quarterly monitoring report.

**Equality and Diversity / Public Sector Equality Duty -** Corporate health PIs are monitored as part of the performance monitoring process.

Accommodation - Not applicable

**Crime and Disorder** - A number of PIs and key actions relating to crime and disorder are continually monitored in partnership with Durham Constabulary.

Human Rights - Not applicable

**Consultation - Not applicable** 

Procurement - Not applicable

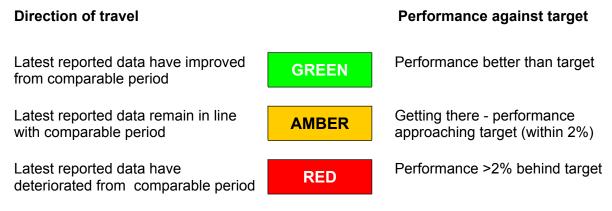
**Disability Issues -** Employees with a disability are monitored as part of the performance monitoring process.

Legal Implications - Not applicable

### Appendix 2: Key to symbols used within the report

Where icons appear in this report, they have been applied to the most recently available information.

#### **Performance Indicators:**



#### Actions:

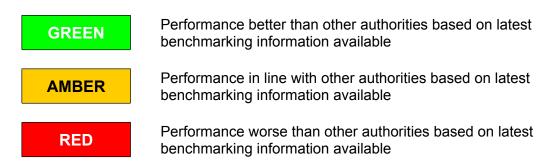


Complete (action achieved by deadline/achieved ahead of deadline)

Action on track to be achieved by the deadline

Action not achieved by the deadline/unlikely to be achieved by the deadline

#### Benchmarking:



#### **Nearest Neighbour Benchmarking:**

The nearest neighbour model was developed by the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA), one of the professional accountancy bodies in the UK. CIPFA has produced a list of 15 local authorities which Durham is statistically close to when you look at a number of characteristics. The 15 authorities that are in the nearest statistical neighbours group for Durham using the CIPFA model are: Barnsley, Wakefield, Doncaster, Rotherham, Wigan, Kirklees, St Helens, Calderdale, Dudley, Northumberland, Tameside, Sheffield, Gateshead, Stockton-on-Tees and Stoke-on-Trent.

We also use other neighbour groups to compare our performance. More detail of these can be requested from the Corporate Planning and Performance Team at <u>performance@durham.gov.uk</u>.

# Appendix 3: Summary of Key Performance Indicators

# Table 1: Key Target Indicators

Ref	Pl ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Period target	Current performance to target	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
Alto	gether Wealt										
1	REDPI106	Percentage of properties let from Durham County Council's retail, commercial and investment portfolio	82.00	As at Jun 2015	80.00	GREEN	82.00	AMBER			
2	REDPI33	Percentage of Business Durham floor space that is occupied	83.00	As at Jun 2015	79.00	GREEN	76.10	GREEN			
3	REDPI76	Income generated from Business Durham owned business space (£)	736,379	Apr - Jun 2015	770,000	RED	746,000	RED			
4	REDPI64	Number of passenger journeys made on the Link2 service	7,583	Apr - Jun 2015	7,500	GREEN	8,257	RED			
5	REDPI75	Overall proportion of planning applications determined within deadline	86.7	Apr - Jun 2015	87.0	AMBER	89.7	RED			
6	REDPI10a	Number of affordable homes delivered	Not reported	Apr - Jun 2015	30	NA	37	NA			
7	REDPI29	Number of private sector properties improved as a direct consequence of local authority intervention	103	Apr - Jun 2015	149	RED	71	GREEN			
8	REDPI30	Number of empty properties brought back into use as a result of local authority intervention	65	Apr - Jun 2015	30	GREEN	19	GREEN			

Ref	Pl ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Period target	Current performance to target	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
9	REDPI62	Number of apprenticeships started through Durham County Council funded schemes	357	2014/15	180	GREEN	290	GREEN			
10	CASAW2	Overall success rate of adult skills funded provision (%)	87.0	2013/14 ac yr	86.0	GREEN	87.5	RED	84.6 GREEN	83.6** GREEN	2013/14 ac yr
11	REDPI81	Percentage of timetabled bus services that are on time	83.0	Apr - Jun 2015	88.0	RED	90.0	RED			
12	REDPI41b	Percentage of major planning applications determined within 13 weeks	64.7	Apr - Jun 2015	75.0	RED	87.5	RED	72.0 <b>RED</b>	80** RED	Jan - Mar 2015
13	REDPI92	Number of gross potential jobs created or safeguarded as a result of Business Durham activity	164	Apr - Jun 2015	600	RED	514	RED			
14	REDPI104	Number of businesses supported through business improvement grants	Reported Q4	NA	52	NA	New indicator	NA			
Alto	gether Bette	r for Children and Young Pe	eople								
15	CASCYP 15	Percentage of children in the early years foundation stage achieving a good	56.7	2013/14	48.0	GREEN	41.9	GREEN	60.0	56**	2013/14
	10	level of development		ac yr					RED	GREEN	ac yr
16	CASCYP4	Percentage of pupils achieving five or more A*- C grades at GCSE or	57.6	2013/14	Not set	NA [1]	New	NA [1]	56.6	54.6*	2013/14
		equivalent including English and maths	07.0	ac yr			indicator		GREEN	GREEN	ac yr

Ref	Pl ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Period target	Current performance to target	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
17	CASCYP7	Achievement gap (percentage points) between Durham pupils eligible/not eligible for pupil premium funding	29.2	2013/14 ac yr	29.5	GREEN	30.0	GREEN	27.5		2013/14 ac yr (state
		achieving five A*-C GCSE's including English and maths at key stage 4							RED		funded)
10		Achievement gap (percentage points) between Durham pupils eligible/not eligible for	45.0	2013/14	20.5		24.0	GREEN	16.0		2013/14
18	CASCYP6	pupil premium funding achieving level 4 in reading, writing and maths at key stage 2	15.9	ac yr	20.5	GREEN	21.0	GREEN	GREEN		ac yr
		Percentage of pupils on level 3 programmes in community secondary		2013/14					98.0	98.4*	2013/14
19	CASCYP5	schools achieving two A levels at grade A*-E or equivalent	98.7	ac yr	98.5	GREEN	98.9	AMBER	GREEN	GREEN	ac yr
20	CASAS5	First time entrants to the youth justice system aged 10 to 17 (per 100,000 population of 10 to17 year olds) (Also in Altogether Safer)	89	Apr - Jun 2015	160	GREEN	105	GREEN			
21	CASCYP9	Percentage of children in need referrals occurring	20.2	Apr - Jun	21.0	GREEN	36.6	GREEN	23.4	22.9*	2013/14
		within 12 months of previous referral	-	2015					GREEN	GREEN	

Ref	Pl ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Period target	Current performance to target	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
22	CASCYP 14	Percentage of successful interventions (families turned around) via the Stronger Families Programme (Also in Altogether Safer)	100	Apr 2012 - Mar 2015	70.0	GREEN	51.2	<u>Not</u> comparable [2]	98.9 GREEN	99.9* GREEN	As at Mar 2015
23	CASCYP8	Percentage of mothers smoking at time of delivery (Also in Altogether	19.0	2014/15	20.5	GREEN	19.9	GREEN	11.4	19.9*	2014/15 (NE - Durham, Darlington
		Healthier)							RED	GREEN	and Tees area team)
Altog	gether Healt				1					I	
24	CASAH2	Percentage of eligible people who receive an NHS health check	7.4	2014/15	8.0	RED	10.3	RED	9.6 <b>RED</b>	8.25* <b>RED</b>	2014/15
25	CASAH3	Percentage of people eligible for bowel cancer screening who were screened adequately within a specified period	Definition under develop ment	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
		Percentage of women eligible for breast							75.9	77.1*	
26	CASAH10	screening who were screened adequately within a specified period	77.9	2014	70.0	GREEN	78.6	AMBER	GREEN	GREEN	2014
		Percentage of women eligible for cervical							74.2	76.1*	
27	CASAH4	screening who were screened adequately within a specified period	78.0	2014	80.0	RED	77.7	GREEN	GREEN	GREEN	2014

Ref	Pl ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Period target	Current performance to target	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
28	CASAS23	Percentage of successful completions of those in alcohol treatment (Also in Altogether Safer)	38.0	2014/15	36.6	GREEN	34.8	GREEN	39.2 <b>RED</b>		2014/15
29	CASAS7	Percentage of successful completions of those in drug treatment - opiates (Also in Altogether	7.1	Oct 2013 - Sep 2014 (Re-presen tations to	7.9	RED	6.1	GREEN	7.6		Oct 2013 - Sep 2014
30	CASAS8	Safer) Percentage of successful completions of those in drug treatment - non- opiates (Also in	40.1	Mar 2015) Oct 2013 - Sep 2014 (Re-presen tations to Mar 2015)	40.4	AMBER	34.2	GREEN	RED 39.0 GREEN		Oct 2013 - Sep 2014
31	CASCYP8	Altogether Safer) Percentage of mothers smoking at time of delivery (Also in Altogether Better for Children and	19.0	2014/15	20.5	GREEN	19.9	GREEN	11.4 RED	19.9* GREEN	2014/15 (NE - Durham, Darlington and Tees
32	CASAH1	Young People) Four week smoking quitters per 100,000 smoking population	718	2014/15	1,126	RED	971	RED	688 GREEN	932* RED	area team) 2013/14
33	CASAH11	Adults aged 65+ per 100,000 population admitted on a permanent basis in the year to residential or nursing care	178.5	Apr - Jun 2015	149.0	RED	163.6	RED			
34	CASAH12	Percentage of adult social care service users that receive self-directed support such as a direct payment or personal budget	89.9	As at Jun 2015	90.0	AMBER	New definition	<u>NA [1]</u>			

Ref	Pl ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Period target	Current performance to target	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
35	CASAH13	Percentage of service users reporting that the help and support they	91.2	Apr - May 2015	90.0	GREEN	94.3	RED	90.0	91*	2013/14
		receive has made their quality of life better		2013					GREEN	GREEN	
		Proportion of older people who were still at home 91		Apr - Jun					82.5	85.3**	
36	CASAH14	days after discharge from hospital into reablement/ rehabilitation services	86.6	2015	85.7	GREEN	87.9	RED	GREEN	GREEN	2013/14
37	CASAH24	Percentage of people who use services who have as much social contact as	48.9	2014/15 (provision	Not set	NA	51.0	RED	44.5	48.6*	2013/14
07	0/(0/(12))	they want with people they like	10.0	al)			01.0	NLD	GREEN	GREEN	2010/11
Alto	gether Safer										
38	CASAS9	Building resilience to terrorism (self- assessment). Scored on level 1 (low) to 5 (high)	4	2013/14	3	GREEN	3	GREEN			
		Proportion of people who use adult social care		Apr - May					79.1	78.2*	
39	CASAS3	services who say that those services have made them feel safe and secure	93.9	2015	90.0	GREEN	90.2	GREEN	GREEN	GREEN	2013/14
		Percentage of domestic abuse victims who present		Apr. lup					24.0	28*	
40	CASAS1	at the Multi-Agency Risk Assessment Conference (MARAC) and are repeat victims	18.5	Apr - Jun 2015	25.0	<u>NA [3]</u>	14.1	<u>NA [3]</u>	NA	NA	2014
41	REDPI98	Percentage of emergency response Care Connect calls arrived at the property within 45 minutes	99	Apr - Jun 2015	90.0	GREEN	97.0	GREEN			

Ref	Pl ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Period target	Current performance to target	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
42	CASAS5	First time entrants to the Youth Justice System aged 10 to 17 (per 100,000 population of 10 to 17 year olds) (Also in Altogether better for Children and Young People)	89	Apr - Jun 2015	160	GREEN	105	GREEN			
43	CASAS23	Percentage of successful completions of those in alcohol treatment (Also in Altogether Healthier)	38.0	2014/15	36.6	GREEN	34.8	GREEN	39.2 RED		2014/15
44	CASAS7	Percentage of successful completions of those in drug treatment - opiates (Also in Altogether Healthier)	7.1	Oct 2013 - Sep 2014 (Re-presen tations to Mar 2015)	7.9	RED	6.1	GREEN	7.6 RED		Oct 2013 - Sep 2014
45	CASAS8	Percentage of successful completions of those in drug treatment - non- opiates (Also in Altogether Healthier)	40.1	Oct 2013 - Sep 2014 (Re-presen tations to Mar 2015)	40.4	AMBER	34.2	GREEN	39.0 GREEN		Oct 2013 - Sep 2014
46	CASCYP	Percentage of successful interventions (families turned around) via the Stronger Families	100	Apr 2012 -	70.0	GREEN	51.2	Not	98.9	99.9*	As at Mar
40	14	Programme (Also in Altogether Better for Children and Young People)	100	Mar 2015	70.0	GREEN	01.2	comparable [2]	GREEN	GREEN	2015

Ref	Pl ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Period target	Current performance to target	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
Alto	gether Greei			-	1						
		Percentage of relevant land and highways assessed (LEQSPRO							11.00		
47	NS14a	survey) as having deposits of litter that fall below an acceptable level	5.32	2014/15	7.00	GREEN	6.03	GREEN	GREEN		2013/14
		Percentage of relevant land and highways assessed (LEQSPRO							31.00		
48	NS14b	survey) as having deposits of detritus that fall below an acceptable level	8.87	2014/15	10.00	GREEN	9.47	GREEN	GREEN		2013/14
49	NS10	Percentage of municipal waste diverted from landfill	96.7	Jun 2014 - May 2015	95.0	GREEN	88.6	GREEN			
50	NS19	Percentage of household waste that is re-used,	42.2	Jun 2014 -	38.0	GREEN	42.0	GREEN	43.5	37*	2013/14
		recycled or composted		May 2015					RED	GREEN	
51	REDPI53	Percentage of conservation areas in the county that have an up to date character appraisal	41.00	As at Sep 2014	42.00	RED	39.00	GREEN			
52	REDPI48	Percentage change in $CO_2$ emissions from local authority operations	-9.00	2013/14	-5.00	GREEN	5.50	GREEN			
53	NS08	Percentage reduction in $CO_2$ emissions from the DCC fleet	-0.07	2013/14	Not set	NA	1.19	RED			
54	REDPI49	Number of new registered and approved new feed in tariff installations	374	Apr - Jun 2015	225	GREEN	362	GREEN			

Ref	Pl ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Period target	Current performance to target	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
55	REDPI109	Number of private sector properties benefiting from an energy efficiency measure installed by British Gas through the Warm Up North Partnership	404	2014/15	Not set	NA	New indicator	NA			
56	NS04	Percentage of recorded actionable defects on carriageways and footways repaired within 24 hours (category 1)	94	Jul 2014 - Jun 2015	95	AMBER	90	GREEN			
57	NS05	Percentage of recorded actionable defects on carriageways and footways repaired within 14 working days (category 2)	New indicator	NA	NA	NA	New indicator	NA			
Alto	gether Bette	r Council			1				1		
58	NS20	Percentage of abandoned calls	6	Jul 2014 - Jun 2015	12	GREEN	8	GREEN			
59	NS22	Percentage of telephone calls answered within three minutes	92	Jul 2014 - Jun 2015	80	GREEN	88	GREEN			
60	NS24	Percentage of customers seen within 15 minutes at a customer access point	Reported Q2	NA	95	NA	NA	NA			
61	NS25	Percentage of customers with an appointment at a customer access point who are seen on time	Reported Q2	NA	95	NA	New indicator	NA			
62	RES/038	Percentage all ICT service desk incidents resolved on time	94	Apr - Jun 2015	90	GREEN	94	AMBER			

Ref	Pl ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Period target	Current performance to target	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
63	RES/NI/ 181a1	Average time taken to process new housing benefit claims (days)	22.52	Apr - Jun 2015	23.00	GREEN	21.93	RED	22.00 Not compar able	23** Not compar able	Jan - Mar 2015
64	RES/NI/ 181a2	Average time taken to process new council tax reduction claims (days)	23.16	Apr - Jun 2015	23.00	AMBER	23.10	RED			
65	RES/NI/18 1b1	Average time taken to process change of circumstances for housing benefit claims (days)	10.01	Apr - Jun 2015	11.00	GREEN	10.11	GREEN	5.00 Not compar able	5** Not compar able	Jan - Mar 2015
66	RES/NI/18 1b2	Average time taken to process change of circumstances for council tax reduction claims (days)	8.34	Apr - Jun 2015	11.00	GREEN	10.65	GREEN			
67	RES/001	Savings delivered against the Medium Term Financial Plan (MTFP) (£m)	10.6	As at Jun 2015	16.3	<u>Not</u> comparable [4]	14.2	NA			
68	RES/002	Percentage of council tax collected in-year	28.70	Apr - Jun 2015	28.70	GREEN	28.63	GREEN	97.00 Not compar able	95.89* Not compar able	2014/15
69	RES/003	Percentage of business rates collected in-year	34.40	Apr - Jun 2015	33.40	GREEN	33.36	GREEN	98.11 Not compar able	98* Not compar able	2014/15
70	RES/129	Percentage of council tax recovered for all years excluding the current year	98.90	Apr - Jun 2015	98.50	GREEN	98.96	RED			
71	RES/130	Percentage of business rates recovered for all years excluding the current year	99.39	Apr - Jun 2015	98.50	GREEN	99.11	GREEN			

Ref	Pl ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Period target	Current performance to target	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
72	REDPI49b	Total of income and savings from solar installations on council owned buildings (£)	261,210	2014/15	242,00 0	GREEN	214,000	GREEN			
73	REDPI68	Average asset rating of Display Energy Certificates in county council buildings	90.2	Apr - Jun 2015	97.0	GREEN	98.0	GREEN			
74	RES/LPI/ 010	Percentage of undisputed invoices paid within 30 days to our suppliers	93.7	Apr - Jun 2015	92.0	GREEN	92.5	GREEN			
75	ACE006	Percentage of Freedom of Information (FOI) and Environmental Information Regulations (EIR) requests responded to within statutory deadlines	71	Apr - Jun 2015	85	RED	79	RED			
76	RES/LPI/0 12	Days / shifts lost to sickness absence – all services including school staff	9.97	Jul 2014 - Jun 2015	8.50	RED	8.96	RED			
77	RES/LPI/0 12a	Days / shifts lost to sickness absence – all services excluding school staff	12.30	Jul 2014 - Jun 2015	11.50	RED	11.93	RED			
78	RES/011	Percentage of performance appraisals completed in current post in rolling year period (excluding schools)	84.54	Jul 2014 - Jun 2015	87.50	RED	64.28	GREEN			

[1] Due to changes to the definition data are not comparable/available

[2] Data cumulative year on year so comparisons are not applicable

[3] The MARAC arrangements aim to increase the number of referrals but to remain below a threshold of 25%

[4] Annual target

# Table 2: Key Tracker Indicators

Ref	PI ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Previous period data	Performance compared to previous period	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
Altog	ether Wealt				1						
79	REDPI3	Number of net new homes completed in Durham City	20	Apr - Jun 2015	19	GREEN	14	GREEN			
80	REDPI22	Percentage of households within County Durham that can access Durham City market place by 8.30am, using public transport with a total journey time of one hour, including walking time	Not reported	As at Jun 2015	75.00	NA	74.00	NA			
81	REDPI38	Number of passenger journeys recorded by the operator of the three Durham City Park and Ride sites	263,432	Apr - Jun 2015	255,039	GREEN	240,243	GREEN			
82	REDPI80	Percentage annual change in the traffic flow through Durham City	Not reported	Apr - Jun 2015	Not reported	AMBER	4.91	GREEN			
83	REDPI 100	Number of visitors to County Durham (million)	17.9	Jan - Dec 2013	17.8	GREEN	17.8	GREEN			
84	REDPI 101	Number of jobs supported by the visitor economy	10,899	Jan - Dec 2013	10,643	GREEN	10,643	GREEN			
85	REDPI 102	Amount (£m) generated by the visitor economy	728	Jan - Dec 2013	708	GREEN	708	GREEN			

Ref	PI ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Previous period data	Performance compared to previous period	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
86	REDPI 97a	Occupancy rates for retail units in Barnard Castle (%)	91	As at Mar 2015	89	GREEN	89	GREEN	90 GREEN		As at Jan 2015
87	REDPI 97b	Occupancy rates for retail units in Bishop Auckland (%)	80	As at Mar 2015	79	GREEN	79	GREEN	90 RED		As at Jan 2015
88	REDPI 97c	Occupancy rates for retail units in Chester-le- Street (%)	87	As at Mar 2015	84	GREEN	84	GREEN	90 <b>RED</b>		As at Jan 2015
89	REDPI 97d	Occupancy rates for retail units in Consett (%)	93	As at Mar 2015	94	RED	94	RED	90 GREEN		As at Jan 2015
90	REDPI 97e	Occupancy rates for retail units in Crook (%)	90	As at Mar 2015	92	RED	92	RED	90 GREEN		As at Jan 2015
91	REDPI 97f	Occupancy rates for retail units in Durham City (%)	91	As at Mar 2015	89	GREEN	89	GREEN	90 GREEN		As at Jan 2015
92	REDPI 97g	Occupancy rates for retail units in Newton Aycliffe (%)	67	As at Mar 2015	71	RED	71	RED	90 <b>RED</b>		As at Jan 2015
93	REDPI 97h	Occupancy rates for retail units in Peterlee (%)	86	As at Mar 2015	85	GREEN	85	GREEN	90 <b>RED</b>		As at Jan 2015
94	REDPI 97i	Occupancy rates for retail units Seaham (%)	94	As at Mar 2015	91	GREEN	91	GREEN	90 GREEN		As at Jan 2015
95	REDPI 97j	Occupancy rates for retail units in Shildon (%)	89	As at Mar 2015	89	AMBER	89	AMBER	90 <b>RED</b>		As at Jan 2015
96	REDPI 97k	Occupancy rates for retail units in Spennymoor (%)	88	As at Mar 2015	85	GREEN	85	GREEN	90 RED		As at Jan 2015
97	REDPI	Occupancy rates for	88	As at Mar	86	GREEN	86	GREEN	90		As at Jan

Ref	PI ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Previous period data	Performance compared to previous period	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier		*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
	971	retail units in Stanley (%)		2015					RED		2015
98	REDPI72	Number of local passenger journeys on the bus network	5,832,051	Jan - Mar 2015	6,154,696	RED	6,250,137	RED			
99	REDPI 10b	Number of net homes completed	330	Apr - Jun 2015	243	GREEN	361	RED			
100	REDPI24	All homes completed in and near all major settlements, as defined in the County Durham Plan, as a proportion of total completions	39.00	Apr - Jun 2015	35.00	GREEN	35.00	GREEN			
101	REDPI34	Total number of applications registered on the Durham Key Options system which led to the household being successfully rehoused	1,217	Apr - Jun 2015	1,345	RED	1,228	RED			
102	REDPI 36d	Number of clients accessing the Housing Solutions Service	Not reported	NA	2,096	RED	2,496	RED			
103	REDPI 36c	Number of clients who have accessed the Housing Solutions Service where there has been an acceptance of a statutory homelessness duty	36	Apr - Jun 2015	39	GREEN	62	GREEN			
104	REDPI	Number of clients who have accessed the Housing Solutions	276	Apr - Jun 2015	326	RED	New indicator	NA			

Ref	PI ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Previous period data	Performance compared to previous period	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
		Service and for whom homelessness has been prevented									
105	REDPI 96a	Number of new applicants registered for housing with the Durham Key Options Scheme who meet the criteria for the Government's reasonable preference groups	558	Apr - Jun 2015	New indicator	NA	New indicator	NA			
106	REDPI40	Proportion of the working age population defined as in employment	68.5	Apr 2014 - Mar 2015	68.7	RED	66.2	GREEN	72.7 RED	68.7* RED	Apr 2014 - Mar 2015
107	REDPI73	Proportion of the working age population currently	13.00	Apr 2014 -	12.36	RED	13.66	GREEN	10.07	12.42*	Apr 2014 - Mar
107		not in work who want a job	10.00	Mar 2015	12.00	NED	10.00	ONLLN	RED	RED	2015
		Proportion of all Jobseeker's Allowance							24.00	30.2*	
108	REDPI8b	(JSA) claimants that have claimed for one year or more	27.20	As at Jun 2015	27.81	GREEN	35.85	GREEN	RED	GREEN	As at Jun 2015
109	REDPI7a	Number of Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) claimants aged 18 to 24	1,890	As at Jun 2015	2,190	GREEN	2,580	GREEN			
110	CASCYP 16	Percentage of 16 to 18 year olds who are not in education, employment or training (NEET) (Also in Altogether Better for	6.3	Apr - Jun 2015	6.7	GREEN	6.8	GREEN			

Ref	PI ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Previous period data	Performance compared to previous period	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
		Children and Young People)									
111	REDPI 105	Number of local authority funded apprenticeships sustained at 15 months	393	As at Jun 2015	314	GREEN	139	GREEN			
112	ACE018	People commencing a full-time first degree who were resident in County Durham the year before they started (per 1,000 population aged 18+)	18.0	2013/14 ac yr	17.3	GREEN	17.3	GREEN	24.5 RED	19.7* RED	2013/14 ac yr
113	REDPI 103	Number of full time equivalent jobs created through business improvement grants	Reported Q4	NA	New indicator	NA	New indicator	NA			
114	REDPI87	Gross Value Added (GVA) per capita in County Durham (£)	12,875	2012	12,661	GREEN	12,661	GREEN	21,937 <b>RED</b>	16,091* RED	2012
115	REDPI88	Per capita household disposable income (£)	14,659	2013	14,151	GREEN	14,151	GREEN	17,842 <b>RED</b>	14,927* <b>RED</b>	2013
116	REDPI89	Number of registered businesses in County Durham	15,155	2014/15	14,785	GREEN	14,785	GREEN			
117	REDPI66	Number of businesses engaged with Business Durham	1,134	2014/15	581	GREEN	581	GREEN			
118	REDPI93	Number of business enquiries handled by Business Durham	1,202	2014/15	1,151	GREEN	1,151	GREEN			
		Percentage of tourism	65	As at Mar	81	RED	81	RED			

Ref	PI ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Previous period data	Performance compared to previous period	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
	32a	businesses actively engaged with Visit County Durham		2015							
120	REDPI90	Percentage change in the number of visitors to the core attractions in County Durham compared to the previous year	-9.7	Apr - Sep 2014	33.6	RED	33.6	RED			
121	REDPI91	Number of unique visitors to the thisisdurham website	203,089 [5]	Apr - Jun 2015	244,331	RED	240,478	RED			
Altog	ether Bette	r for Children and Young I	People								
122	CASCYP 16	Percentage of 16 to 18 year olds who are not in education, employment or training (NEET) (Also in Altogether Wealthier)	6.3	Apr - Jun 2015	6.7	GREEN	6.8	GREEN			
123	ACE016	Percentage of children in poverty (quarterly proxy measure) <b>(Also in</b>	22.7	As at Feb	22.7	AMBER	23.6	GREEN	16.6	23.3*	As at Feb
		Altogether Better Council)		2015					RED	GREEN	2015
		Percentage of children in poverty (national annual							18.9	23.4*	
124	ACE017	measure) (Also in Altogether Better Council)	22.7	2012	23.0	GREEN	23.0	GREEN	RED	GREEN	2012
125	CASCYP 18	Percentage of children aged 4 to 5 years classified as overweight or obese <b>(Also in</b>	23.8	2013/14 ac yr	21.9	RED	21.9	RED	22.5	24.4*	2013/14 ac yr

Ref	PI ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Previous period data	Performance compared to previous period	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
		Altogether Healthier)							RED	GREEN	
		Percentage of children aged 10 to 11 years							33.5	36.1*	
126	CASCYP 19	classified as overweight or obese (Also in Altogether Healthier)	36.1	2013/14 ac yr	35.9	AMBER	35.9	AMBER	RED	AMBER	2013/14 ac yr
127	CASCYP 29	Proven re-offending by young people (who offend) in a 12 month	40.9	Jul 2012 - Jun 2013	38.7	RED	37.5	RED	36.6	38.5*	England - Jul 2012 - Jun 2013
	29	period (%) <b>(Also in</b> Altogether Safer)		Juli 2013					RED	RED	NE - 2012/13
400	CASCYP	Under 18 conception rate	20.0	2014	22.0		22.0		23.9	29.7*	2014
128	20	per 1,000 girls aged 15 to 17	30.9	(provisional)	33.8	GREEN	33.8	GREEN	RED	RED	(provisio nal)
	CASCYP	Under 16 conception rate							4.8	7.4*	
129	21	per 1,000 girls aged 13 to 15	7.9	2013	8.9	GREEN	8.9	GREEN	RED	RED	2013
400	CASCYP	Emotional and behavioural health of children looked after		0014/45	45.5				13.9	13.9*	0040/44
130	23	continuously for 12 months or more (scored between 0 to 40)	15.1	2014/15	15.5	GREEN	15.5	GREEN	RED	RED	2013/14
		Percentage of Community and Adolescent Mental	70.7	Apr - Jun 2015	New indicator	NA	New indicator	NA			

Ref	PI ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Previous period data	Performance compared to previous period	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
		Health Services (CAMHS) patients who have attended a first appointment within nine weeks of their external referral date									
132	CASCYP	Young people aged 10 to 24 years admitted to hospital as a result of	489.4	2011/12 -	504.8	GREEN	504.8	GREEN	367.3	532.2*	England - 2011/12 - 2013/14
	26	self-harm (rate per 100,000 population aged 10 to 24 years)		2013/14					RED	GREEN	NE - 2010/11 - 2012/13
133	CASCYP	Rate of children with a child protection plan per	35.1	As at Jun	37.6	GREEN	44.5	GREEN	42.1	59.3*	As at Mar
100	28	10,000 population	00.1	2015	01.0	OREEN		OREEN	GREEN	GREEN	2014
404	CASCYP	Rate of looked after children per 10,000	<u> </u>	As at Jun	01.0	DED	<u> </u>		60.0	81*	As at
134	24	population aged under 18	63.9	2015	61.8	RED	60.2	RED	RED	GREEN	Mar 2014
	CASCYP	Prevalence of breastfeeding at 6 to 8							43.8	27.6*	2014/15 (NE - Durham,
135	25	weeks from birth (Also in Altogether Healthier)	28.9	2014/15	28.5	GREEN	28.5	GREEN	RED	GREEN	Darlington and Tees area team)
Altog	ether Healtl	hier Percentage of children		2012/14 22							2012/14
	CAS	aged 4 to 5 years classified as overweight	23.8	2013/14 ac yr	21.9	RED	21.9	RED	22.5	24.4*	2013/14 ac yr

Ref	PI ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Previous period data	Performance compared to previous period	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
		or obese (Also in Altogether Better for Children and Young People)							RED	GREEN	
137	CAS CYP19	Percentage of children aged 10 to 11 years classified as overweight or obese <b>(Also in</b>	36.1	2013/14 ac	35.9	AMBER	35.9	AMBER	33.5	36.1*	2013/14
	CTP19	Altogether Better for Children and Young People)		yr					RED	AMBER	ac yr
	CAS	Prevalence of breastfeeding at 6 to 8 weeks from birth <b>(Also</b>							43.8	27.6*	2014/15 (NE - Durham,
138	CYP25	in Altogether Better for Children and Young People)	28.9	2014/15	28.5	GREEN	28.5	GREEN	RED	GREEN	Darlington and Tees area team)
139	CASAH 18	Male life expectancy at birth (years)	78.0	2011-13	77.9	GREEN	77.9	GREEN	79.4 <b>RED</b>	78* <b>AMBER</b>	2011-13
140	CASAH 19	Female life expectancy at birth (years)	81.3	2011-13	81.5	AMBER	81.5	AMBER	83.1 <b>RED</b>	81.7* <b>RED</b>	2011-13
141	CASAH6	Under 75 mortality rate from cardiovascular diseases (including heart disease and stroke) per 100,000 population	88.8	2011-13	91.3	GREEN	91.3	GREEN	78.2 RED	88.9* GREEN	2011-13
142	CASAH7	Under 75 mortality rate from cancer per 100,000 population	166.6	2011-13	164.2	AMBER	164.2	AMBER	144.4 <b>RED</b>	169.5* GREEN	2011-13
143	CASAH9	Under 75 mortality rate from respiratory disease per 100,000 population	43.4	2011-13	40.1	RED	40.1	RED	33.2 <b>RED</b>	42.6* <b>RED</b>	2011-13
144	CASAH8	Under 75 mortality rate from liver disease per	21.9	2011-13	21.7	RED	21.7	RED	17.9 <b>RED</b>	22.3* GREEN	2011-13

Ref	PI ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Previous period data	Performance compared to previous period	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
		100,000 population									
145	CASAH 23	Percentage of registered GP patients aged 17 and over with a diagnosis of diabetes	6.9	2013/14	6.77	RED	6.77	RED	6.2 <b>RED</b>	6.5* RED	2013/14
146	CASAH 20	Excess winter deaths (%) (3 year pooled)	19.0	2010-13	16.8	RED	16.8	RED	17.4 <b>RED</b>	16* <b>RED</b>	2010-13
147	CASAH 22	Estimated smoking prevalence of persons aged 18 and over	22.7	2013	22.2	RED	22.2	RED	18.4 <b>RED</b>	22.3* RED	2013
148	CASAH 25	Number of residential/ nursing care bed days for people aged 65 and over commissioned by Durham County Council	228,868	Apr - Jun 2015	229,737	GREEN	238,557	GREEN			
149	CASAH 20i	Delayed transfers of care from hospital per 100,000 population	4.5	Apr - May 2015	7.7	GREEN	6.4	GREEN	7.9 GREEN	8.1* GREEN	2013/14
150	CASAH 20ii	Delayed transfers of care from hospital, which are attributable to adult social care, per 100,000 population	1.1	Apr - May 2015	1.5	GREEN	1.0	AMBER	3.1 GREEN	2* GREEN	2013/14
	0.0011	Suicide rate (deaths from suicide and injury of							8.8	10.6*	
151	CASAH 21	undetermined intent) per 100,000 population (Also in Altogether Safer)	13.4	2011-13	11.3	RED	11.3	RED	RED	RED	2011-13
152	NS11	Percentage of the adult population (aged 16+) participating in at least 30 minutes sport and active recreation of at	24.9	Apr 2013 - Mar 2015	26.0	RED	28.2	RED			

Ref	PI ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Previous period data	Performance compared to previous period	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
		least moderate intensity on at least three days a week									
Altoge	ether Safer										
153	CASAS 12	Overall crime rate (per 1,000 population)	12.3	Apr - Jun 2015	49.7	Not comparable [6]	12.7	GREEN			
154	CASAS 24	Rate of theft offences (per 1,000 population)	5.1	Apr - Jun 2015	21.8	Not comparable [6]	5.7	GREEN			
155	CASAS 10	Recorded level of victim based crimes per 1,000 population	11.0	Apr - Jun 2015	44.5	Not comparable [6]	11.2	GREEN			
156	CASAS 11	Percentage of survey respondents who agree that the police and local council are dealing with concerns of anti-social behaviour and crime	63.2	2014/15	62.5	GREEN	58.8	GREEN		59.4** GREEN	Oct 2013 - Sep 2014
157	CASAS 15	Number of police reported incidents of anti-social behaviour	5,761	Apr - Jun 2015	23,235	Not comparable [6]	6,568	GREEN			
158	CASAS 22	Number of hate incidents	74	Apr - Jun 2015	311	Not comparable [6]	109	NA			
159	CASAS 18	Proportion of all offenders (adults and young people) who re- offend in a 12 month	28.2	Jul 2012 - Jun 2013	27.3	RED	27.9	AMBER	26.2 RED		Jul 2012 - Jun 2013

Ref	PI ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Previous period data	Performance compared to previous period	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
		period									
160	CASCYP	Proven re-offending by young people (who offend) in a 12 month	40.9	Jul 2012 -	38.7	RED	37.5	RED	36.6		England - Jul 2012 -
100	29	period (%) (Also in Altogether Better for Children and Young People)	40.9	Jun 2013	30.7	RED	57.5	RED	RED		Jun 2013 NE - 2012/13
161	CASAS 19	Percentage of anti-social behaviour incidents that are alcohol related	13.2	Apr - Jun 2015	12.3	RED	14.0	GREEN			
162	CASAS 20	Percentage of violent crime that is alcohol related	30.8	Apr - Jun 2015	32.4	GREEN	30.7	AMBER			
162	REDPI44	Number of people killed or seriously injured in road traffic accidents	35	Jan - Mar	181	Not comparable [6]	42	GREEN			
163	REDP144	Number of fatalities	2	2015			3				
		Number of seriously injured	33				39				
404		Number of children killed or seriously injured in road traffic accidents	4	Jan - Mar	23	Not comparable [6]	1	RED			
164	REDPI45	Number of fatalities	0	2015			0				
		Number of seriously injured	4				1				
165	CASAH	Suicide rate (deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent) per	13.4	2011-13	11.3	RED	11.3	RED	8.8	10.6*	2011-13
601	21	100,000 population (Also in Altogether							RED	RED	

Ref	PI ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Previous period data	Performance compared to previous period	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
		Healthier)									
Altog	ether Greer	ner									
166	NS14c	Percentage of relevant land and highways assessed as having deposits of dog fouling that fall below an acceptable level	1.08	2014/15	1.56	GREEN	1.56	GREEN	8.10 GREEN		2013/14
167	NS15	Number of fly-tipping incidents	7,674	Jul 2014 - Jun 2015	8,779	GREEN	9,693	GREEN			
168	NS09	Megawatt hours (MWh) of energy produced from municipal waste sent to Sita's 'Energy from Waste' plant	66,206	Jun 2014 - May 2015	67,556	RED	28,944	GREEN			
169	REDPI46	Percentage reduction in CO₂ emissions in County Durham	39.0	As at Dec 2012	41.2	RED	41.2	RED	14.0 GREEN	20* GREEN	2012
170	REDPI47	Amount of renewable energy generation - megawatts equivalent (MWe) installed or installed/approved capacity within County Durham	215.72	As at Jun 2015	217.17	Not comparable [2]	207.79	Not comparable [2]			
Altog	ether Bette	r Council									
171	NS43a	Number of customer contacts - face to face	202,511	Jul 2014 - Jun 2015	219,756	NA	263,689	NA			
172	NS43b	Number of customer contacts -telephone	1,000,168	Jul 2014 - Jun 2015	989,422	NA	986,641	NA			
173	NS43c	Number of customer contacts - web forms	17,213	Jul 2014 - Jun 2015	16,886	NA	18,274	NA			

Ref	PI ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Previous period data	Performance compared to previous period	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
174	NS43d	Number of customer contacts - emails	15,775	Apr - Jun 2015	NA	NA [1]	NA	NA [1]			
175	RES/013	Staff aged under 25 as a percentage of post count	5.54	As at Jun 2015	5.52	NA	5.47	NA			
176	RES/014	Staff aged over 50 as a percentage of post count	39.27	As at Jun 2015	38.8	NA	38.02	NA			
177	RES/LPI/ 011a	Women in the top five percent of earners	52.36	As at Jun 2015	52.03	NA	51.44	NA			
178	RES/LPI/ 011bi	Black and minority ethnic (BME) as a percentage of post count	1.53	As at Jun 2015	1.53	NA	1.47	NA			
179	RES/LPI/ 011ci	Staff with disability as a percentage of post count	3.99	As at Jun 2015	2.73	NA	2.79	NA			
180	RES028	Discretionary Housing Payments - value (£) for customers affected by social sector size criteria	115,924. 44	Apr - Jun 2015	1,146,86 7.00	NA	629,272.8 8	NA			
181	RES029	Discretionary Housing Payments - value (£) for customers affected by local housing allowance reforms	38,091. 06	Apr - Jun 2015	131,568. 00	NA	62,342.77	NA			
	ACE016	Percentage of children in poverty (quarterly proxy measure) <b>(Also in</b>	22.7	As at Feb 2015	22.7	AMBER	23.6	GREEN	16.6	23.3*	As at Feb 2015
182		Altogether Better for Children and Young People)							RED	GREEN	
183	ACE017	Percentage of children in poverty (national annual measure) (Also in Altogether Better for	22.7	2012	23.0	GREEN	23.0	GREEN	18.9	23.4*	2012

Ref	PI ref	Description	Latest data	Period covered	Previous period data	Performance compared to previous period	Data 12 months earlier	Performance compared to 12 months earlier	National figure	*North East figure **Nearest statistical neighbour figure	Period covered
		Children and Young People)							RED	GREEN	
184	ACE019	Percentage of households that need to spend more than 10% of their income on fuel to maintain an adequate standard of warmth	17.9	2012	19.5	GREEN	19.5	GREEN	13.9 RED	17.8* RED	2012
185	RES/ 034b	Staff - total headcount (excluding schools)	8,668	As at Jun 2015	8,954	NA	9,190	NA			
186	RES/ 035b	Staff - total full time equivalent (excluding schools)	7,099	As at Jun 2015	7,450	NA	7,604	NA			
187	RES/020	Percentage of time lost to sickness in rolling year (excluding schools)	4.86	Jul 2014 - Jun 2015	4.8	RED	4.71	RED			
188	RES/052	Percentage of posts with no absence in rolling year (excluding schools)	47.51	Jul 2014 - Jun 2015	45.02	GREEN	48.14	RED			
189	RES/036	Number of RIDDOR (Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations) incidents reported to the Health and Safety Executive	14	Apr - Jun 2015	15	N/A	16	NA			

- [1] Due to changes to the definition data are not comparable/available
- [2] Data cumulative year on year so comparisons are not applicable
  [3] The MARAC arrangements aim to increase the number of referrals but to remain below a threshold of 25%
- [4] Annual target
- [5] The new website went live in April and a dip in web traffic is inevitable until Google re-indexes the site [6] Data cumulative so comparisons are not applicable



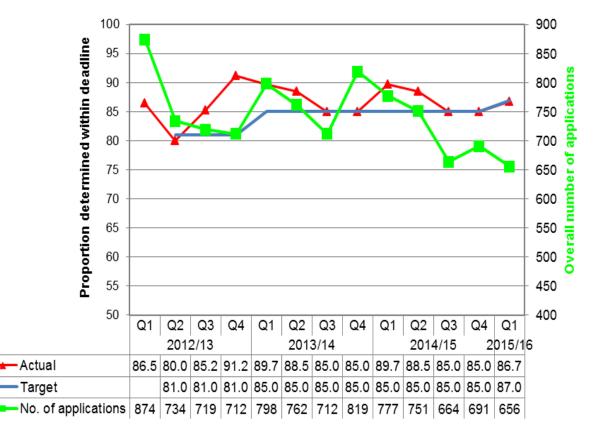
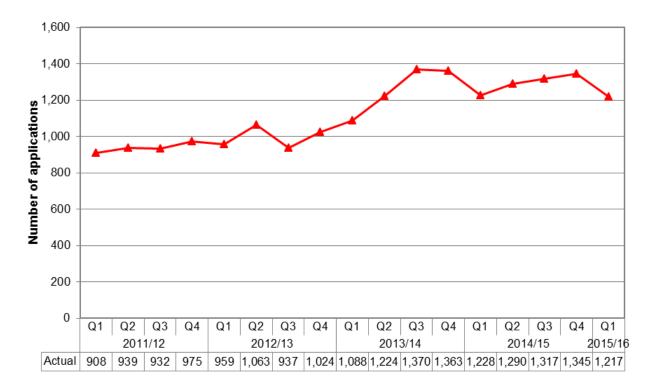
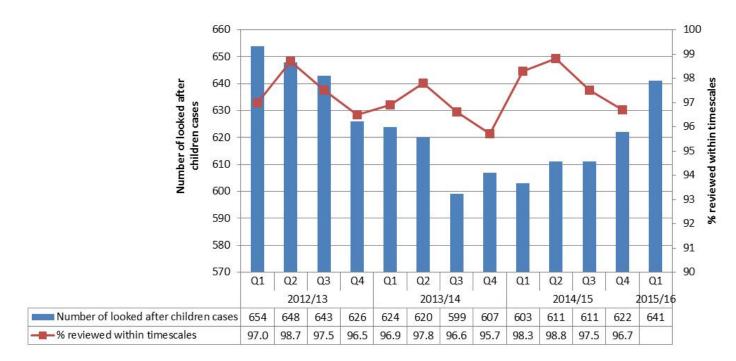


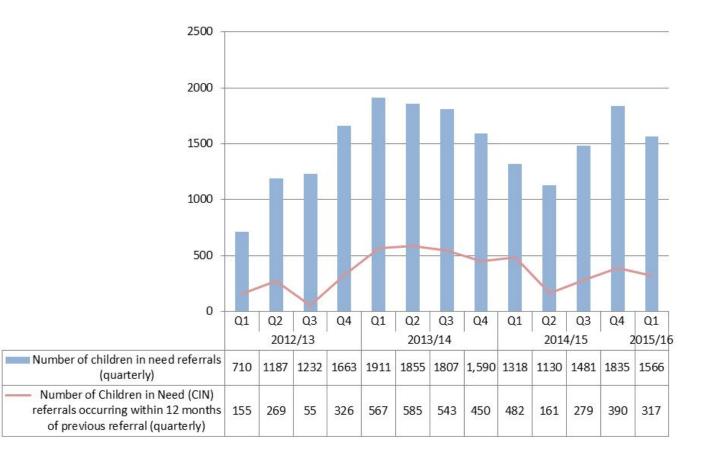
Chart 2 – Durham Key Options - total number of applications registered on the Durham Key Options system which led to the household being successfully rehoused



### Chart 3 - Number of looked after children cases



# Chart 4 - Children in need referrals within 12 months of previous referral



# Chart 5 – Fly-tipping incidents

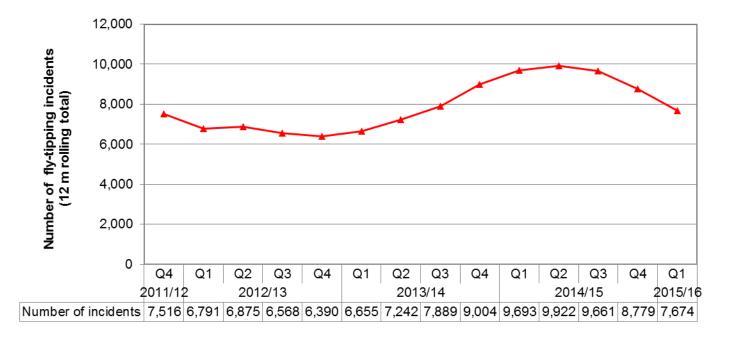
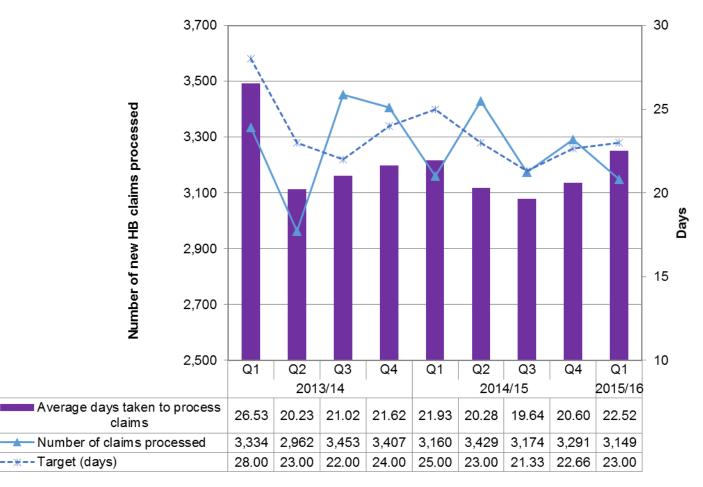
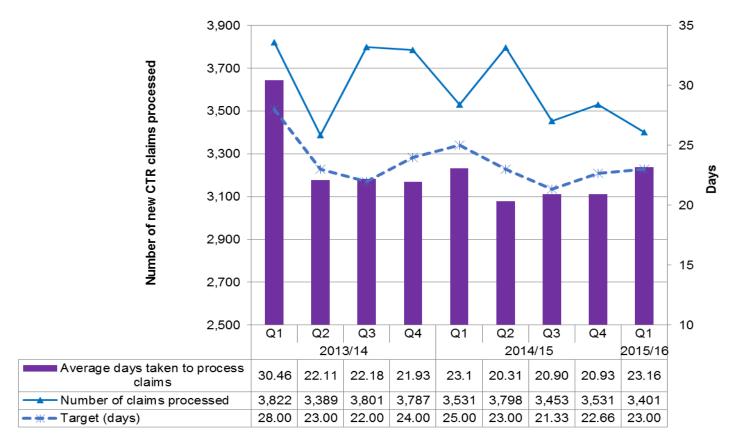


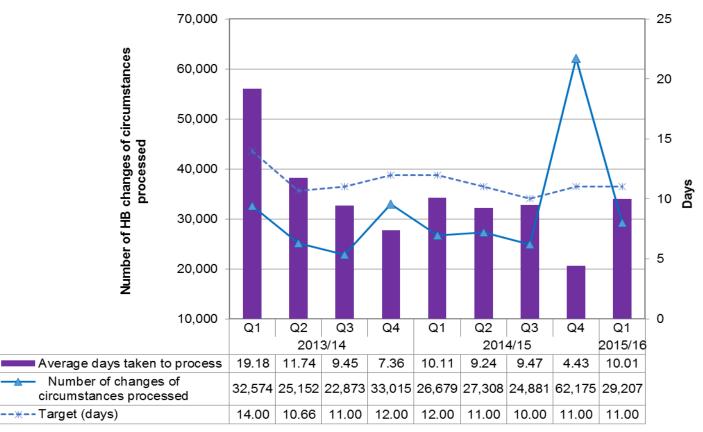
Chart 6 – Housing Benefits – new claims



### Chart 7 – Council Tax Reduction – new claims

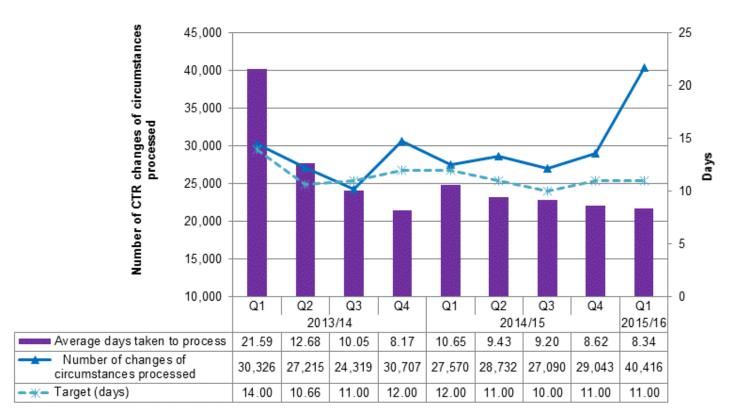


# Chart 8 – Housing Benefits – changes of circumstances



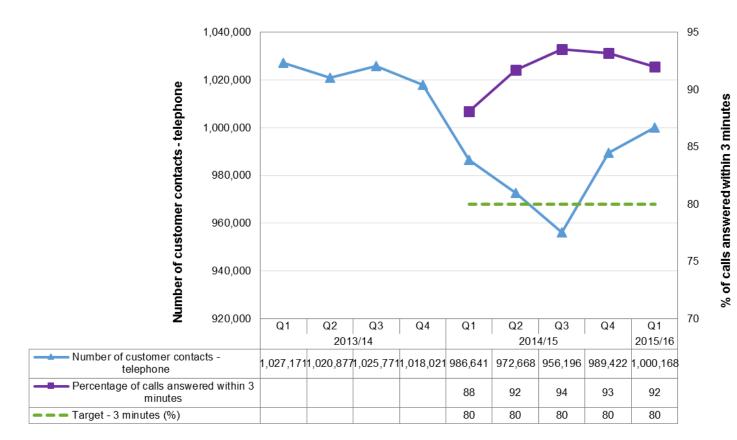
The way in which the change of circumstance is processed changed this quarter which means that some multi-changes are now counted more than once where previously it would have been counted as just one change. Data previously reported regarding volume is therefore not comparable.

# Chart 9 – Council Tax Reduction – changes of circumstances



The way in which the change of circumstance is processed changed this quarter which means that some multi-changes are now counted more than once where previously it would have been counted as just one change. Data previously reported regarding volume is therefore not comparable.

# Chart 10 - Telephone calls



### Chart 11 – Face to face contacts

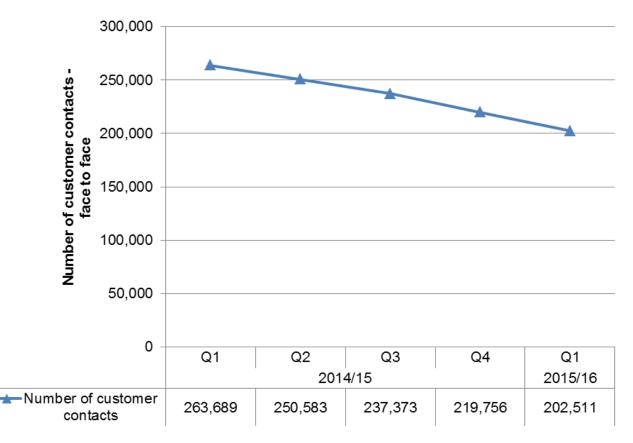


Chart 12 – Freedom of Information (FOI) and Environmental Information Regulations (EIR) requests

